DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Members,
Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their Fourteenth Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 ("Financial Year").

1 PROJECT STATUS:

The Company had undertaken a project for design, construction, finance and operation of a 30 MW co-generation power project on BOOT basis with Padmashri Dr. Vitthalrao Vikhe Patil Sahakari Karkhana Limited ("Karkhana") in Pravara Nagar Maharashtra (the "Project"). The Karkhana is a co-operative sugar factory registered under the provisions of the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960.

During the Financial Year 2020-21, the Company had exported 18.44 million units of power to Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company Limited ('MSEDCL') and 5.58 million units of power to Karkhana and generated total revenue of Rs. 32.29 Crores from operation. However, the revenue for the FY 2020-21 has been lower compared to previous financial year on account of breakdown in turbine resulted into no power export to MSEDCL for a period of almost two and half month and supplied steam & power to Karkhana by operating boiler through 'Pressure Regulating Desuper-Heater' and importing power from MSEDCL and also due to shortage in supply of bagasse by Karkhana during the financial year and use of alternate fuel like coal was not a viable option for operating the plant during non-bagasse season, as the price of coal was not economical to generate power. The bagasse season is expected to be good during the financial year 2021-22 and the revenues are expected to be better compared to FY 2020-21.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rs. in Lakhs) FYE 31st March 2021 FYE 31st March 2022 Particulars 2160.80 3145.74 Total Revenue 373.48 580.38 EBIDTA (3675.71)(3817.77)Profit Tax 4792.00 4792.00 Equity Share Capital (11,933.52)(15,750.16)Reserve & Surplus

3 SHARE CAPITAL

As on 31st March 2022, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 48,00,00,000/- divided into 4,80,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each and the paid up share capital is Rs. 47,92,00,000/- divided into 4,79,20,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each. During the Financial Year, the Company has not granted any stock option or sweat equity.

4 DIVIDEND

Registered Office :3rd Floor, Plot No.3/8, Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Margh, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038. Tel: 91-22-67487200 Fax: 91-22-67487201. CIN-U45200MH1999PLC122317



On account of the insufficient profits incurred during the Financial Year, your Directors express their inability to recommend any dividend for the Financial Year.

5 RESERVES

No amount is transferred to any reserves.

6 BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Jitendra D Patil retires by rotation at the next AGM and has offered himself for re-appointment.

Presently, the Board of Directors comprises of Mr. Hemant Chandel, Mr. Jitendra Patil and Mr. Subhrarabinda Birabar

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

No Key Managerial Personnel were appointed during the year under review. Remuneration Policy for Directors, KMPs and other employees including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director are yet to be formulated.

7 MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the Financial Year, 7 (Seven) Board Meetings were duly held on 07/07/2021, 02/08/2021, 14/08/2021, 04/10/2021, 11/11/2021, 27/01/2022 and 28/02/2022. The intervening gap between the Meetings was not more than 120 days as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. Details of attendance by each Director at the said Board meetings are as under:

Name of Directors	Board Meetings attended during the Financial Year
Mr. Hemant Chandel	6
Mr. Jitendra Patil	1
Mr. Subhrarabinda Birabar*	1
Mr. Shiv Kumar Vats+	6

* Appointed as Additional Directors with effect from 27th January, 2022

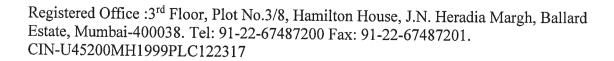
* Resigned as Directors with effect from 27th January, 2022.

8 DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a. in the preparation of the annual financial statements, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b. the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- c. the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate

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accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the Assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

- d. the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

9 PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

There are no particulars to be disclosed under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in terms of remuneration criteria prescribed thereunder.

10 DISCLOSURE ON WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

As there are no women employees, the Company was not required to formulate a policy on prevention of sexual harassment at workplace pursuant to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

11 STATUTORY AUDITOR & AUDITOR'S REPORT

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

At the 8th AGM of the Company convened on 22nd June 2016, M/s. Natvarlal Vepari & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration no.: 106971W), had been appointed as the statutory auditors of the Company until the conclusion of the 14th AGM of the Company. The Board of Directors of the Company have recommended the reappointment of M/s. Natvalal Vepari & Co. as Statutory of Auditors of the Company for a further period of five years at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

AUDITORS REPORT:

It is clarified that the matters covered in the Auditors' Report together with relevant notes in the Notes to Accounts are self-explanatory.

12 CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There has been no change in the nature of business during the Financial Year.

13 | SUBSIDIARIES / ASSOCIATES / JOINT VENTURES

The Company does not have any subsidiary / associate or Joint Venture.

14 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extracts of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 as per Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed herewith as Annexure 'A'.

15 DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.

16 PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENT BY COMPANY

The Company has not made any loans, guarantees or investments as covered under

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Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS The Company has not made any related party transactions covered under the provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 hence prescribed Form AOC-2 is not applicable. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS 18 **OR COURTS** There are no significant / material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations. 19 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) CSR related provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply to the Company as the Company does not meet profit, turnover or net worth criteria prescribed in this regard. 20 TRANSFER TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND Your Company does not have any amount/ shares due to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund. 21 SECRETARIAL STANDARDS The Company complies with all applicable secretarial standards. 22 CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO (A) Conservation of energy-(i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy: The Company has incorporated energy efficiency system like Variable Frequency Drives to all the motors which will reduce the auxiliary power consumption. (ii) the steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy: The Company is operating renewable energy and hence, no plan for alternate sources of (iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's: Rs. 15 Crores (B) Technology absorption-(i) the efforts made towards technology absorption: The Project has successfully completed the five operation years with average generation of power at 75-80% capacity utilization and is exploring other available biomass fuels in surrounding area for maximum utilization of capacity and technology with different fuel mix configuration. (ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution: Observations are in Process (iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the Financial Year): Not Applicable since the project is 100% indigenous project. (a) the details of technology imported: Not Applicable (b) the year of import: Not Applicable





- (c) whether the technology been fully absorbed: Not Applicable
- (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof: Not Applicable
- (iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil. The plant operated by the Company is standard proven Boiler-Turbo Generator (BTG) System which needs proper operation & maintenance.
- (C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo -

Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year: Nil Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows: Nil

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT:

No material change and commitments affecting financial position of the Company occurred between the end of Financial Year and the date of this report.

24 | INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS & THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company's internal control systems commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations. Your Company has adequate internal financial controls in place to ensure safeguarding of its assets, prevention of frauds and errors, protection against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the transactions are authorised, recorded and reported diligently in the Financial Statements.

25 RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has not developed and implemented a formal risk management policy for the Company. However, the Board of Directors periodically as a part of its review of the business consider and discuss the external and internal risk factors like markets related, supply / logistics related, debtors' collections, Government policy related matters that may threaten the existence of the Company.

26 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors would like to place on record their appreciation for the valuable cooperation extended to the Company by the employees of the Company, Government Departments, Bankers, Suppliers and Customers for their continuous support to the Company.

> For and on behalf of the Board of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Hemant Chandel

Director

Dated: September 28, 2022

Place: Mumbai

DIN - 07473472

DIN-09011804

Jitendra Patil

Director

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FORM NO. MGT 9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on financial year ended on 31-03-2022

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014

REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

i	CIN	U45202MH2008PLC185428
ii	Registration Date	August 4, 2008
iii	Name of the Company	Pravara Renewable Energy Limited
iv	Category / Sub-category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares
V	Address of the Registered office & contact details	3rd Floor, 3/8, Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038. Tel: 022 - 67487200 Fax-022-67487201.
vi	Whether listed company	No
vii	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	No

II PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated

SL No	Name & Description of main products / services		% to total turnover of the company
1	Electric power generation using other non conventional sources	35106	83.41%

III PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY & ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

SI No	Name & Address of the Company	CIN / GLN	Holding /	% of	Applicable
			Subsidiary /	shares	Section
			Associate	held	
1	AJR INFRA AND TOLLING LIMITED, 3rd Flor, 3/8, Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038.	L45203MH2001 PLC131728	Holding Company	100.00%	2 (46)

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IV SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share capital Break up as % to total Equity)

i) Category-wise shareholding

Category of Shareholders	1	o. of Shares peginning o (01-Apr-	f the year		No. of Shares held at the end of the year (31-Mar-2022)			% change during the year	
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Central Govt.or									
State Govt.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	
c) Bodies Corporates	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	0.00
d) Bank/Fl	0	0	. 0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e) Any other	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
SUB TOTAL:(A) (1)	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	0.00
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI- Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Other Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e) Any other	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
SUB TOTAL (A) (2)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Total Shareholding of Promoter									
(A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	0.00

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3. PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING									
(1) Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Banks/FI	0			0.00			0	0.00	
c) Central govt	0			0.00			0	0.00	
d) State Govt.	0			0.00				0.00	
e) Venture Capital Fund	0			0.00				0.00	
f) Insurance Companies	0		_	0.00				0.00	
g) FIIS	0			0.00				0.00	
h) Foreign Venture				0.00				0.00	0.00
Capital Funds	0	0	o	0.00	0	о	0	0.00	0.00
i) Others (specify)	0	0		0.00	0		0	0.00	
iy denote (epcony)	, i		-	0.00		-	-	0.00	0.00
SUB TOTAL (B)(1):	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
505 1017tz (5)(2).			0	0.00	0	-	0	0.00	0.00
(2) Non Institutions									
a) Bodies corporates									
i) Indian	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
ii) Overseas	0	0		0.00		0	0		
b) Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	U	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) marriadais									
i) Individual shareholders									
holding nominal share	1								
capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	0	0	,	0.00	_			0.00	
capital upto Ks. 1 lakil	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
ii) Individuals shareholders									
holding nominal share									
capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	0	_	_	0.00					
	0	0		0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
CUD TOTAL (DV2)		_							
SUB TOTAL (B)(2):	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Total Public Shareholding									
(B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(-, (-,(-,(-,		-		0.00		-	U	0.00	0.00
C. Shares held by Custodian									
for									
GDRs & ADRs	0	0	o	0.00	0	_	0	0.00	0.00
	- 0	-	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Grand Total (A+B+C)	47919994		47920000	100.00	47919994	6	47920000	100.00	0.00
Grand Total (ATDTC)	77.515554	0	7/320000	100.00	4/313334	ь	4/320000	100.00	0.00

de 500.00



SHARE HOLDING OF PROMOTERS

(ii)

SI No.	Shareholders Name	Rh gad	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (01-Apr-2021)	the /ear	Sha	Shareholding at the end of the year (31-Mar-2022)	e.	% change in share holding during the year
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged encumbered to total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged encumbered to total shares	
1	AJR INFRA AND TOLLING LIMITED	4,79,20,000	100.00	0.00	4,79,20,000	100.00	0.00	0.00
	Total	4,79,20,000	100.00	0.00	4,79,20,000	100.00	0.00	0.00



(iii) CHANGE IN PROMOTERS' SHAREHOLDING (SPECIFY IF THERE IS NO CHANGE)

SI. No.	beginnin	olding at the og of the Year Apr-2021)	during t	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (31-Mar-2022)	
		% of total shares of the company		% of total shares of the company	
Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited					
At the beginning of the year	47920000	100.00	47920000	100.00	
Date-wise increase / decrease in shareholding during the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	
At the end of the year	47920000	100.00	47920000	100.00	

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters & Holders of GDRs & ADRs)

SI. No		beginnin	olding at the ng of the Year Apr-2021)	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (31-Mar-2022)	
	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	No.of shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the
At the h	oginning of the year				company
	eginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
Date wis	se increase / decrease in shareholding during	0	0.00	0	0.00
the year					
At the e	nd of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00

(v) Shareholding of Directors & KMP

SI. No		beginnin	olding at the ng of the Year Apr-2021)	during t	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (31-Mar-2022)	
	For Each of the Directors & KMP	No.of shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company	
At the b	eginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	
Date wis	se increase / decrease in shareholding during	0	0.00	0	0.00	
At the e	nd of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	

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V INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding / accrued but not due for payment

(Rs. in Lakhs) **Secured Loans** Unsecured Deposits Total excluding deposits Loans Indebtedness Indebtness at the beginning of the financial year (01-Apr-2020) i) Principal Amount 17,746.41 7,711.67 25,458.08 0.00 ii) Interest due but not paid 1,487.22 1,487.22 0.00 0.00 iii) Interest accrued but not due 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total (i+ii+iii) 19,233.63 0.00 7,711.67 26,945.30 Change in Indebtedness during the financial year Additions 1,645.39 0.00 0.00 1,645.39 Reduction 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 **Net Change** 1,645.39 0.00 0.00 1,645.39 Indebtedness at the end of the financial year (31-Mar-2021) i) Principal Amount 17,387.71 0.00 7,711.67 25,099.38 ii) Interest due but not paid 3,491.31 0.00 0.00 3,491.31 iii) Interest accrued but not due 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total (i+ii+iii) 20,879.02 7,711.67 0.00 28,590.69

VI REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole time director and/or Manager:

Sl.No	Particulars of	Name of	the MD / WTD / Manager	Total Amount
	Remuneration			
1	Gross salary			
	as per provisions contained in (1) of the Income Tax, 1961.	0.00		0.00
	of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the x Act, 1961	0.00		0.00
1	in lieu of salary under (3) of the Income Tax Act,	0.00		0.00
2	Stock option	0.00		0.00
3	Sweat Equity	0.00		0.00
4	Commission			
	as % of profit	0.00		0.00
	others (specify)	0.00		0.00
5	Others, please specify	0.00		0.00
	Total (A)	0.00		0.00
	Ceiling as per the Act			

the so

B. Remuneration to other directors:

SI.Ño	Particulars of	Name of the Directors	Total Amount
	Remuneration	,	
1	Independent Directors		
(a) Fee fo	r attending board /		•
committe	e meetings		
(b) Comm	ission	NIL	
(c) Other	s, pls. specify		
Total (1)			
2	Other Non Executive	Name of the Directors	Total Amount
	Directors		
(a) Fee for	rattending		
board / co	ommittee meetings		
		NIL	
(b) Comm	ission	_ NIE	
(c) Others	s, please specify.		
Total (2)			
Total (B)=	(1+2)		
Total Mar	nagerial Remuneration	NIL	
Overall Co	eiling as per the Act		

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD / MANAGER / WTD

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			Total
		CEÓ	CFO	CS	
1	Gross Salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.				
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961				
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961				
2	Stock Option				
3	Sweat Equity				
4	Commission - as % of profit				
5	- others, specify Provident Fund				
	Total	0	0	0	

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NIL

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment / Compounding fees imposed	Authority (RD / NCLT / Court)	Appeal made if any (give details)
	1.00		imposou		
A. COMPANY	•				
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFFIC	ERS IN DEFAU	LT			
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Name: Hemant Chandel Designation: Director

DIN: 07473472

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 28, 2022

Name: Jitendra Patil Designation: Director

DIN: 09011804

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

903-904, 9th Floor, Raheja Chambers, 213, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021. Tel.: 6752 7100 Fax: 6752 7101 E-mail: nvc@nvc.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Disclaimer of Opinion

We have been engaged to carry out the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying Financial Statements of the Company, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these Ind AS Financial Statements.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

Attention is invited to Note 33 and 34 to the Financial Statements, wherein the Company has narrated the status of various arbitration proceedings being held at different levels of Court against the Karkhana and the illegal occupation of the facility by the Karkhana and unavailability and access to the records. The Karkhana has taken over illegal / unauthorized possession of the plant and has been running the plant without authorization/consent of the Company. The Company has not accounted for revenue on account of power exported to the Grid for the period January 2022 to March 2022 and likewise has also not accounted for fuel consumed at the Plant as expense/inventory for the period January 2022 to March 2022 under the Karkhana's Operation. The legal status of these transactions are dependent on the outcome of the litigations before various forum. These decisions will have consequential impact on the financial statements, financial position and the financial results. Accordingly, pending accounting in books of accounts and non-availability of sufficient and appropriate audit evidence in the form of revenue generated and fuel consumed for the period January 2022 to March 2022 and the outcome of the litigations, we are unable to express our opinion on the attached Financial Statements of the Company.

Natvarlal Vepari & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

903-904, 9th Floor, Raheja Chambers, 213, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021. Tel.: 6752 7100 Fax: 6752 7101 E-mail: nvc@nvc.in

aforesaid is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error



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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

However, because of the matters described in our Basis for disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to form an opinion and therefore we have given a disclaimer of opinion.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the attached Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, which is subject to possible effect of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above and the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion in our separate Report on the Internal Controls over Financial Reporting to the extent applicable. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. As described in the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion section above, we have sought but unable to obtain all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above, we are unable to state whether proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above, we are unable to state whether; the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with rules issued thereunder and the relevant provision of the



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iii. There is no amount which is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

- a. The management has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("intermediaries") with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies) including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- c. Based on such audit procedures considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv) and (v) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has neither proposed nor paid any dividend during the year.

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For Natvarial Vepari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No- 106971W

Nozhat Khan

Partner

M. No. 124960

Mumbai, Dated: September 28,2022 UDIN: 22124960AWFEHV5199

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loan including interest and hence the Company has not submitted quarterly returns or statements with such banks or financial institutions.

- (iii) (a) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties and hence clause 3(iii)(a), 3(iii)(b), 3(iii)(c), 3(iii)(d), 3(iii)(e) and 3(iii)(f) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The company has not granted any loans, made any investments, provided any guarantees and security and thus the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect of loans given, investment made, guarantees made and security given are not applicable to the Company and therefore provisions of clause 3(iv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 are not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted deposits from the public or amounts that are deemed to be deposits pursuant to sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder. As informed to us, there is no order that has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other tribunal in respect of the said sections.
- (vi) The maintenance of the cost records under the sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been prescribed and we are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, carried out a detailed examination of the records to ascertain whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a)The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Act, Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amount payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except as given below.



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loans from banks and financial institutions as detailed in the Financial Statement under note no.12.5. The entire loan is recalled and therefore the entire balance including interest accrued thereon, is in continuing default. Further, the Company has not obtained any borrowings by way of debentures.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not obtained any fresh term loans during the year.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures
- (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence clause 3(x)(a) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment / private placement of shares / fully / partly / optionally convertible debentures during the year under review.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year. We invite attention to Note 34 detailing the illegal occupation of the facility and unavailability of the records. The matter is subjudice as detailed in note 33 and the impact will be decided consequent to the decisions of the courts.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government and hence clause 3(xi)(b) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the company.
 - (c) No whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the company.



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statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions and also our paragraph on material uncertainty relating to going concern casting significant doubts, we are of the opinion that there exists material uncertainties in the management assumptions relating to the company's capability of meeting the financial liabilities existing as at the Balance sheet date as and when they fall due within next 12 months which casts significant doubts on the management ability to meet the liabilities as and when they fall due.

(xx) The Company is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) for the year under audit and hence sub-clauses (3)(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of The Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 are not applicable to the Company.

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For Natvarlal Vepari & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No- 106971W

Nuzhat Khan

Partner

M. No. 124960

Mumbai, Dated: September 28,2022

UDIN: 22124960AWFEHV5199

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effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of Financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



PRAVARA RENEWABLE ENERGY LIMITED CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022 (All amounts are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Particu	lars	Note Ref.	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
AS	SETS			
(A) No	on-current assets			
(i	Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets			
		3	18,940.83	20,158.03
- 5	Right to use Asset	4	265.84	280.07
- (0	c) Financial Assets			
	(i) Others	5.3	110.41	110.41
d	Other Non-current assets	6	39.18	70.49
	Total Non - Current Assets (A)	-	19,356.27	20,619.00
(B) Cu	rrent Assets			
(a) Inventories	7	-	67.04
(b) Financial Assets			
	(i) Trade receivables	5.1	1,110.42	663.24
	(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	1.29	153.53
	(iii) Others	5.3	471.13	124.80
(c) Other Current assets	6	85.76	112.80
	Total Current Assets (B)	-	1,668.60	1,121.41
	Total Assets (A+B)	-	21,024.87	21,740.41
EQI	JITY & LIABILITIES			
A) Equ	altiv			
	Equity Share capital	9	4,792.00	4,792.00
	Other Equity	10		(13.849.87
	Amounts entirely in the nature of equity	11	(17,666.51) 1,916.35	1,916.35
	Total Equity (A)	·	(10,958.16)	(7,141.52
Liah	dities			
B) Non	-Current Liabilities			
-	Financial Liabilities			
2.1	(i) Borrowings	12.1	-	8,557.34
	(ii) Lease Liability	12.3	253.78	257.37
(b)	Provisions	13	31.04	46.04
(c)		14	1,293.21	1,069.81
	Total Non-Current Liabilities (B)	_	1,578.03	9,930.56
C) Curr	ent Liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
, ,	(i) Borrowings	12.2	2,444.48	11,274.84
	(ii) Trade payables		<i>'⇒'</i> 3.5 (*.*₹	
	- Dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	12.4		
	- Dues of Other than Micro and Small Enterprise	12.4	2,254.37	3 441 01
	(III) Other financial liabilities	12.5	25,510.24	2,441.01 5,092.03
	(iii) Lease Liability	12.3	45.29	45.29
th	Other current liabilities			
	Provisions	15 13	146.71 3.94	96.29 1.92
	Total Current Liabilities (C)	-	30,405.01	18,951.37

As per our report of even date For Natvarial Vepari and Co.

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 106971W

JAPUAL VEPARI

Mumbai

TIPED ACCO

Chartered Accountants

Nuzhat Khan

Membership No :124960

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Director DIN:074734

Jitendra Patil Director DIN:09011804 Mumbai

Mumbal Dated: September 28,2022



PRAVARA RENEWABLE ENERGY LIMITED CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the Yea 31-Ma		For the Year Ended 31-Mar-22	
A. Cash flow from operating activities:		1411920-0 b		
Net profit / (loss) before tax		(3,594.36)		(3,510.69)
Adjusments:				
Interest income on financial asset on amortised cost	(4.68)		(3.92)	
Allowance of expected credit loss	-		3.46	
Interest Expense on financial assets at amortised cost	2,856.23		2,499.86	
Interest on lease liability	41.71		42.14	
Other finance costs	50.06		18.03	
Depreciation	1,231.43	4,174.73	1,324.13	3,883.70
Operating profit before working capital changes		580.38		373.00
Movements in working capital:				
(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables and other liabilities	128.37		(55.56)	
Decrease / (increase) in inventories	67.04		(7.76)	
Decrease / (increase) in Financial Assets	(792.93)		594.18	
Decrease / (increase) in Non -Financial Assets	11.78	(585.77)	(68.57)	462.30
Cash (used in) / generated from the operations		(5.39)		835.29
Direct taxes paid (-)/ Refund received (+)		(3.50)		(2.41)
Net cash (used in) / generated from the operations	-	(8.89)		832.87
B. Cash flow from investment activities:				
Interest received	4.09		6.48	
Purchase of Property Plant and Equipments	*		(1.75)	
Net cash (used in)/from investment activities		4.09	(====	4.73
C. Cash flow from financing activities:				
Repayment of long term borrowings	-		: •	
Net movement of Short Term Borrowings	•		(854.48)	
Lease Liability Paid	. 4.		(45.29)	
Finance cost paid	(147.44)	(147.44)	0.00	(899.76)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	-	(147.44)	-	(899.76)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(152.24)		(62.16)
	-			
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents				
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		1.29		153.53
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		153.53		215.69
	_	(152.24)	-	(62.16)
Components of cash and cash equivalents			-	
Cash in hand				
Bank Balance		0.02		0.27
Total components of cash and cash equivalents		1.27	1440	215.42
	-	1.29	_	215.69

- (i) Figure in brackets denote outflows
- (ii) Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities are given in note no 12.1 (e).

JARLAL VEPAR

Mumbai

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Natvarial Vepari and Co.

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 106971W

Chartered Accountants

Nuzhatkhan

Partner Membership No :124960

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

Direct DIN:0

Director DIN:07473472

Mumban Dated: September 28,2022

Tools

Jitendra Patil Director DIN:09011804 Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022



PRAVARA RENEWABLE ENERGY LIMITED CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

1 Corporate Information

Pravara Renewable Energy Limited (PREL), a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), has been incorporated for the implementation of a Cogeneration Power Project in association with Padmashri Dr. Vithalrao Vikhe Patil Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Limited (PDVVPSSKL or Karkhana) at village Pravara Nagar, Tehsil Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar, Maharashtra.

PREL has entered into a Project Development Agreement (PDA) with PDVVPSSKL for the development of a 30 MW Cogeneration Project on Build-Own-Operate-Transfer (BOOT) basis. The Concession period is 25 years from Commercial Operation Date (COD). PREL has also signed Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company (MSEDCL) for supply of additional electricity to MSEDCL at a contracted rate as per guidelines of Maharashtra Electric Regulatory Commission (MERC).

Accordingly, PREL has installed the Cogeneration facility uses bagasse as primary fuel supplemented by blogas, blomass, coal, liquid fuel or any other fuel and started commercial operation of said plant on 6th November 2015 and producing steam and electricity which are supplying to PDVVPSSKL and MSEDCL as per above agreement and generate revenue.

Project Cost and Means of Finance

- (a) Project funded by a consortium of lenders led by Central bank of India. The other consortium member is Corporation Bank
- (b) The Consortium of lenders has also sanctioned Working Capital Limits of Rs. 40 crores (including LC of Rs. 20 crores) for the Project.

2 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

i) Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

ii) Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognize such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any material impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

iii) Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification, and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

iv) Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

v) Ind AS 106 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

3 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are Standalone Financial Statements and are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The standalone financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest lac , except otherwise stated.

These financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values.

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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO

Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

5 Impairment Loss

Assets with an indefinite useful life and goodwill are not amortized/ depreciated and are tested annually for impairment. Assets subject to amortization/depreciation are tested for impairment provided that an event or change in circumstances indicates that their carrying amount might not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher between an asset's fair value less sale costs and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped together at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

Non-financial assets other than goodwill for which impairment losses have been recognized are tested at each balance sheet date in the event that the loss has reversed.

6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

▶ Raw materials, Components, Stores and Spares: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits in banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions

The Company recognizes a provision when it has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is likely that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability recognised in a business combination is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the requirements for provisions above or the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the requirements for revenue recognition.

9 Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

Gratuity, a defined benefit obligation is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation made at the end of each year/period on projected Unit Credit Method.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The current and non-current bifurcation is done as per Actuarial report.



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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

13 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Operations

The Company earns revenue primarily from sale of Electricity and Steam

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has applied Ind AS 115 which establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is to be recognised. Ind AS 115 replaces Ind AS 18 Revenue and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 using the cumulative catch up method. The effect of initially applying this standard is recognised at the date of initial application (i.e. April 1, 2018). The standard is applied retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed as at the date of initial application and the comparative information in the statement of profit and loss is not restated - i.e. the comparative information continues to be reported under Ind AS 18 and Ind AS 11. The impact of the adoption of the standard on the financial statements of the Company is insignificant.

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue is recognised at point in time when the performance obligation with respect to Sale of Electricity and steam is being rendered to the Customers which is the point in time when the customer receives the service. Revenue from Sale of Electricity is recognized on output basis when the generated units are wheeled to the user and the metered units are billed at the contracted rates.

The billing schedules agreed with customers include periodic performance-based payments. Invoices are payable within contractually agreed credit period.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, price concessions if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from

Unearned and deferred revenue ("contract liability") is recognised when there is billings in excess of revenues.

Use of significant judgements in revenue recognition

The Company's contracts with customers include promises to provide electricaty and steam to a customer. The Company assesses the services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables.

Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as volume discounts, service level credits, price concessions if any. The transaction price is also adjusted for the effects of the time value of money if the contract includes a significant financing component.

The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

Contract fulfilment costs are generally expensed as incurred except for certain costs which meet the criteria for capitalisation. Such costs are amortised over the useful life of asset wherever applicable. The assessment of this criteria requires the application of judgement, in particular when considering if costs generate or enhance resources to be used to satisfy future performance obligations and whether costs are expected to be recovered.

Interest income is recognised on time proportion method basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

17 Segment reporting

Business segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of services, the risk return profile of individual business, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the Company.

18 Segment Composition:

The Company has been incorporated as a Special Purpose Vehicle to set up a 30 MW bagasse based co-generation power project under Public Private Partnership scheme.

Further, the Company's operations are within a single geographical segment which is India.

19 Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognized as a liability in the Company's annual accounts in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's equity holders.

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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All the figures are Rupees in fac unless otherwise stated)

		AS	i at	As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
		Non- C	Current	Cur	rent
S	Financial Assets				
5.1	Trade Receivables				
	(Unsecured, at amortised cost)				
	(i) Trade Receivable	. 4.		1,110.42	663.24
	Total		-	1,110.42	663.24

The Company Calculates impairment under the simplified approach the Company does not track the changes in credit risk of trade receivables the impairment amount represents lifetime expected credit loss. Hence the additional disclosures in trade receivables for changes in credit risk and credit impaired trade receivable are not disclosed.

The balances are subject to confirmation as on March 31, 2022.

5.1.1 <u>Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule</u> (Ageing from due date of payment)

(a) As at March 31, 2022

Range of O/s period	Considered Good	Significant increase in credit risk	credit impaired	Total	
Unbilled	-			•	
Not Due	1			12	
less than 6 months	675.02		- [675.02	
6 months - 1 year	435.41		.	435.41	
1-2 year	-	2			
2-3 year				-	
> 3 years		į.	- 1	-	
Total	1,110.42	-		1,110.42	

(b) As at March 31, 2021

	Undisputed				
Range of O/s period	Considered Good	Significant increase in credit risk	credit impaired		
Unbilled	-	-		•	
Not Due		-		_	
less than 6 months	663.24	. 4	. 1	663.24	
6 months - 1 year		-			
1-2 year				-	
2-3 year					
> 3 years		·			
Total	663.24	-	•	663.24	

		A	As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
_		Mon- (Current	Cur	rent	
. 0	ther financial assets					
	(i) Insurance Claim Receivable			72.10	282	
Ì	ii) Sidhi Singrauli Road Projects Limited		•	60.57	60.57	
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss			(60.57)	(60.57)	
- :(iii) Interest Receivable on Electricity Deposit	+	:•	4.21	3.63	
(iv) Unbilled Revenue	-			55.50	
(v) Youngthang Power Ventures Limited	¥	-	4.44	4.44	
(vi) Sikkim Hydro Power Ventures Limited	4	+	4.23	4.23	
6	rii) Security Deposit					
	- HT Connection Load	110.04	110.04	-		
	- Office deposit	-		0.15	57.00	
	- Others	0.12	0.12			
	- Deposit under dispute (*)			386.00	-	
	- M-Vat Voluntary Registration	0.25	0.25	(120)	-	
	Total	310.41	110.41	471.13	124.80	

(*) One of the creditors who has been granted Arbitration award under Section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 has filed execution petition with the Mumbai High Court. The company has challenged the award under Section 34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, passed in favour of an this Operational creditor. In the meantime the award holder has moved the execution patition at Hon'ble High Court with a request to issue notice to Garnishee Maharashtra State Electricity development Corporation (MSEDCL) as well as Karkhana, Based on Hon'ble High Court Order, MSEDCL has deposited a sum of Rs 386.00 lakks and the company is in the process of filing an application through the Lenders for non withdrawal of the deposit amount of Rs 386.00 lakks by the award holder. The management has shown this amount as deposit paid under protest.

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6	Other	Assets

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(i) Advance taxes net of provisions

(ii) Advance to Contractors & Suppliers

(iii) Unamortized upfront fees

(iv) Prepaid Expenses

	As at		As at		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
	Non- (Current	Curr	rent	
	39.18	35.68	-		
VED.	-	-	35.85	36.49	
ALA PAR		34.81	-	15.24	
ARUAL VEPARIO		-:	47.13	59.91	
(Aubribai))		Al	/ -	



CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Total No of Shares issued and Subscribed	47,920,000		
Shares held by promoters at March 31, 2021			
Name of the Promoter	No of Shares	% of total shares	% change 2020-21
AJR Infra And Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	47,920,000	100.00	
Total	47,920,000	100.00	
Total No of Shares issued and Subscribed	47.920.000		

	As	at
Other Equity	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Retaired earnings	(17,666.51)	(13,849.87)
Total	(17,666.51)	(13,849.87)
	As	at
The second distriction of the second	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Capital contribution	1,916.35	1,916.35
	Retained earnings Total Amounts entirely in the nature of equity	Other Equity March 31, 2022 Retained earnings (17,666.51) Total (17,666.51) As March 31, 2022 Amounts entirely in the nature of equity March 31, 2022

The above loan is repayable only after discharge of all liabilities of the bankers and others and to that extent is quasi equity in nature as it has residuary interest in the assets.

		As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
12	Financial Liabilities	Non- Current		Current Maturities	
12.1	Long term Borrowings				
	Indian rupee loans from banks (secured)	120	8,557.34	- 4	1.920.00
	Overdue Principal	<u></u> .		-	3,266.91
	Less:				
	Current maturities shown under Short Term Borrowings			•	(1,920.00)
	Overdue Principal shown under Short Term Borrowings				(3,266.91)
	Total		8,557.34	-	

a) On account of the company being marked as NPA w.e.f 31st December 2017 by the lenders , no interest has been charged by the lead banker. The company has made provision for interest on the basis of the last sanction and last revision of terms. Therefore the loan balance and finance cost are subject to confirmation and consequent reconciliaiton , if any. The lead bank / other consortium Lender has served notice dated 27th September, 2021 / 22nd November, 2021 respectively under SARFAESI Act, 2002 recalling the credit facilities (Term loan and Cash credit) to which the company has suitably replied. Therefore the loan recalled by the lender is treated as current and disclosed under other financial Liabilities (refer note no. 12.5)

b) Terms of loan

The above term loan from bank is secured by a first mortgage and charge on all the Company's immovable properties, movable properties, tangible assets, intangible assets, and all bank accounts (including escrow accounts) except fuel and receivables. Fuel and receivables shall entail second

Term loan from Central Bank of India carries an interest of MCLR (1 year) plus spread of 295 basis points.

Term loan from Corporation Bank carries an interest of MCLR (1 year) plus spread of 270 basis points. Further if Company is paying higher Rate of interest (ROI) to Central Bank of India then same ROI will apply to term loan from Corporation Bank as well.

c) The agreement entered into by the Company with the Karkhana for operation & maintenance of the power plant and Minimum Guaranteed Amount in the previous years was subject to lenders approval. The lenders did not approve the arrangement and finally the two parties to the agreement also did not adhere to the terms. Therefore finally all the transactions have been recorded in the books for and on behalf of the Company as if there was no such agreement. The claims and counter claims raised by either party has been recorded either as receivable or as a contingent liability as claims not acknowledged as debts. This has also significantly impacted the relations with the lenders as the agreement entered into provided for the payment of minimum guarantee which would have ensured that the lender's dues are paid.

d) Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets

The company being marked as NPA w.e.f 31st December 2017 by the lenders. The lead bank / other consortium Lender has served notice dated 27th September, 2021 / 22nd November, 2021 respectively under SARFAESI Act, 2002 recalling the credit facilities (Term loan and Cash credit). Therefore the company has not submitted quarterly statements to any of the lenders.

e) Maturity profile of Non Current term loans as per sanction

Credit Facility Recalled by Lenders (including interest) Instalment payable within next one year (including Overdue Principal) Instalment payable between 2 to 5 years Instalment payable beyond 5 years Total

f) During the year delay disclosure

i) Delay during the year 2021-22



March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 23,587.80 5,186.91 6,232.00 2.325.34 23,587.80 13,744.25

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Disclaimer of Opinion

We have been engaged to carry out the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying Financial Statements of the Company, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these Ind AS Financial Statements.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

Attention is invited to Note 33 and 34 to the Financial Statements, wherein the Company has narrated the status of various arbitration proceedings being held at different levels of Court against the Karkhana and the illegal occupation of the facility by the Karkhana and unavailability and access to the records. The Karkhana has taken over illegal / unauthorized possession of the plant and has been running the plant without authorization/consent of the Company. The Company has not accounted for revenue on account of power exported to the Grid for the period January 2022 to March 2022 and likewise has also not accounted for fuel consumed at the Plant as expense/inventory for the period January 2022 to March 2022 under the Karkhana's Operation. The legal status of these transactions are dependent on the outcome of the litigations before various forum. These decisions will have consequential impact on the financial statements, financial position and the financial results. Accordingly, pending accounting in books of accounts and non-availability of sufficient and appropriate audit evidence in the form of revenue generated and fuel consumed for the period January 2022 to March 2022 and the outcome of the litigations, we are unable to express our opinion on the attached Financial Statements of the Company.

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We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained was not sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our disclaimer of opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements as detailed in our basis of disclaimer of opinion para and therefore we have issued a disclaimer of opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We invite attention to note no. 35 on material uncertainty related to going concern, during the year, the Company has incurred a net loss of Rs. 3,817.77 lakhs. The Company has obligations towards borrowings aggregating to Rs.23,587.80 lakhs (principal amounting to Rs. 13,744.25 lakhs and interest accrued amounting to Rs.5,690.13 lakhs on terms loans and Rs. 4,153.41 lakhs on account of Cash Credit Facility availed by the Company) and its current liabilities are exceeding current assets by Rs. 28,736.41 lakhs as at March 31,2022. This is subject to further reconciliation/ verification of obligations pertaining to term loans and cash credit facilities as at March 31, 2022. The Company's ability to continue as going concern is dependent upon many factors including continued support from the lenders, availability of fuel at viable prices from Karkhana, resolutions from Hon'ble DRAT, Mumbai and resolution on the matter of illegal / unauthorized possession of the plant by the Karkhana. In the opinion of the management, resolution and revival of the company is possible in foreseeable future, accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company is a Going Concern. These conditions along with the matters described in the section of Basis for Disclaimer of opinion in our report indicate the existence of material uncertainties that cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the Other Information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our Independent Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon. The Other Information as



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aforesaid is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error



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and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the
 Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the
 company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements

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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

However, because of the matters described in our Basis for disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to form an opinion and therefore we have given a disclaimer of opinion.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the attached Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, which is subject to possible effect of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above and the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion in our separate Report on the Internal Controls over Financial Reporting to the extent applicable. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. As described in the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion section above, we have sought but unable to obtain all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above, we are unable to state whether proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above, we are unable to state whether; the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with rules issued thereunder and the relevant provision of the



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Act;

- e. The matters described in our Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph and the paragraph on Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern may have an adverse impact on the functioning of the Company.
- f. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- g. The matters described in our Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph and the paragraph on Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern may have an adverse impact on the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith.
- h. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an disclaimer of opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors of Rs. 18.23 lakhs during the year is not in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.
- j. Other than the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion Paragraph above, with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements – Refer Note 27 to the standalone financial statements,
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were material foreseeable losses,



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iii. There is no amount which is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

- The management has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("intermediaries") with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies) including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- c. Based on such audit procedures considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv) and (v) above contain any material misstatement.
- The Company has neither proposed nor paid any dividend during the year.

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Mumbai

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For Natvarlal Vepari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No- 106971W

Nuzhat Khan **Partner**

M. No. 124960

Mumbai, Dated: September 28,2022

UDIN: 22124960AWFEHV5199

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ANNEXURE A to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements'
section of our report and to be read subject to the possible effects of the matters described
in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section above and the Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion in
our separate Report on the Internal Controls over Financial Reporting to the Members of
Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

To the best of our knowledge and information, according to the explanations provided to us by the Company, the audit procedures followed by us and examination of the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) a. (A) The Company has generally maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of its Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The company has generally maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. We have verified the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee, and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements and based on such verification we confirm that the same are held in the name of the company.
 - d. The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year.
 - e. No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act,1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. On the basis of examination of records, we are of the opinion that the coverage and procedure of such verification is appropriate and that no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on such verification. The discrepancy noted have been properly dealt with in the books of account of the Company.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The facilities of the Company has been marked as Non Performing Asset (NPA) and the lenders have recalled the entire outstanding working capital



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loan including interest and hence the Company has not submitted quarterly returns or statements with such banks or financial institutions.

- (iii) (a) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties and hence clause 3(iii)(a), 3(iii)(b), 3(iii)(c), 3(iii)(d), 3(iii)(e) and 3(iii)(f) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The company has not granted any loans, made any investments, provided any guarantees and security and thus the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect of loans given, investment made, guarantees made and security given are not applicable to the Company and therefore provisions of clause 3(iv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 are not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted deposits from the public or amounts that are deemed to be deposits pursuant to sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder. As informed to us, there is no order that has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other tribunal in respect of the said sections.
- (vi) The maintenance of the cost records under the sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been prescribed and we are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, carried out a detailed examination of the records to ascertain whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a)The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Act, Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amount payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except as given below.



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(Rs. In lakhs)

					(**************************************
Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due date	Date of payment
Goods ar Service Tax	nd GST	90.00	March 21	Apr 20,2021	Not yet paid
Goods ar Service Tax	nd GST	4.92	June 21	July 20,2021	Not yet paid
Goods ar Service Tax	nd GST	0.22	September 21	Sept 20,2021	Not yet paid

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except as given below:

Name of statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. In lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Demand	Income Tax	3,893.58	AY 2016-17	CIT(A)
Income Tax Demand	Income Tax	191.66	AY 2018-19	CIT(A)
	Total	4,085.24		

- (viii) There are no transactions that were not recorded in the books of account, and which has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
 - (ix) (a) The company has not serviced interest and principal of Rs. 19,434.38 lakhs of term loan and Rs. 4,153.41 lakhs of Cash credit facility as at March 31,2022, in respect of



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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loans from banks and financial institutions as detailed in the Financial Statement under note no.12.5. The entire loan is recalled and therefore the entire balance including interest accrued thereon, is in continuing default. Further, the Company has not obtained any borrowings by way of debentures.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not obtained any fresh term loans during the year.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures
- (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence clause 3(x)(a) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment / private placement of shares / fully / partly / optionally convertible debentures during the year under review.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year. We invite attention to Note 34 detailing the illegal occupation of the facility and unavailability of the records. The matter is subjudice as detailed in note 33 and the impact will be decided consequent to the decisions of the courts.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government and hence clause 3(xi)(b) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the company.
 - (c) No whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the company.



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- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence clauses 3(xii)(a), 3(xii) (b) and 3(xii)(c) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) Provisions of Sec 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable in respect of transactions with related parties, the company has complied with the provisions of Sec 188 of the Act, where applicable. The necessary disclosures relating to related party transactions have been made in the Financial Statements as required by applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of it business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued for the period April 2021 to December 2021. The reports for the period January 2022 to March 2022 are not made available to us since the audit is not carried out.
- (xv) The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors.
- (xvi) (a) The nature of business and the activities of the Company are such that the Company is not required to obtain registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 and hence sub-clause 3(xvi)(a), 3(xvi)(b) and 3(xvi)(c) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the company.
 - (d) There are no CIC's in the Group.
- (xvii) On an examination of the Statement of Profit and Loss account, we are of the opinion that the Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 2,586.34 lakhs in current financial year and Rs 2,351.59 lakhs in the immediate previous financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly clause (3)(xviii) Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial



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statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions and also our paragraph on material uncertainty relating to going concern casting significant doubts, we are of the opinion that there exists material uncertainties in the management assumptions relating to the company's capability of meeting the financial liabilities existing as at the Balance sheet date as and when they fall due within next 12 months which casts significant doubts on the management ability to meet the liabilities as and when they fall due.

(xx) The Company is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) for the year under audit and hence sub-clauses (3)(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of The Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 are not applicable to the Company.

VEPA

Mumbai

For Natvarlal Vepari & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No- 106971W

Nuzhat Khan

Partner

M. No. 124960

Mumbai, Dated: September 28,2022

UDIN: 22124960AWFEHV5199

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Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statement of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and their operating



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effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of Financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



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Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to standalone Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

NL VEPA

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For Natvarlal Vepari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No- 106971W

Nuzhat Khan

Partner

M. No. 124960

Mumbai, Dated: September 28,2022

UDIN: 22124960AWFEHV5199

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Particul	ars	Note Ref.	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
ASS	SETS			
	n-current assets			
(E)(E)) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets			
		3	18,940.83	20,158.03
(b) Right to use Asset	4	265.84	280.07
(c	Financial Assets			
	(i) Others	5.3	110.41	110.41
d)	Other Non-current assets	6	39.18	70.49
	Total Non - Current Assets (A)	-	19,356.27	20,619.00
(B) Cur	rent Assets			
(a)	Inventories	7	(140)	67.04
(b)	Financial Assets			
	(i) Trade receivables	5.1	1,110.42	663.24
	(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	1.29	153.53
	(iii) Others	5.3	471.13	124.80
(c)	Other Current assets	6	85.76	112.80
	Total Current Assets (B)	:-	1,668.60	1,121.41
	Total Assets (A+B)	-	21,024.87	21,740.41
EQU	ITY & LIABILITIES			
A) Equ	ity			
	Equity Share capital	9	4,792.00	4,792.00
	Other Equity	10	(17,666.51)	(13,849.87
	Amounts entirely in the nature of equity	11	1,916.35	1,916.35
	Total Equity (A)	÷-	(10,958.16)	(7,141.52
Liab	ilities			
B) Non	-Current Liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	12.1	-	8,557.34
	(ii) Lease Liability	12.3	253.78	257.37
(b)	Provisions	13	31.04	46.04
(c)	Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	14	1,293.21	1,069.81
	Total Non-Current Liabilities (B)	_	1,578.03	9,930.56
5.00	ent Liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities	Water Commencer	10.200.000.000 William	T. Special Control of the Control of
	(i) Borrowings	12.2	2,444.48	11,274.84
	(ii) Trade payables	8/2/77		
	- Dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	12.4		
	- Dues of Other than Micro and Small Enterprise	12.4	2,254.37	2,441.01
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	12.5	25,510.24	5,092.03
	(iii) Lease Liability	12.3	45.29	45.29
(b)		15	146.71	96.29
(c)	Provisions	13	3.94	1.92
	Total Current Liabilities (C)	_	30,405.01	18,951.37
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (A+B+C)	-	21,024.87	21,740.41

As per our report of even date For Natvarlal Vepari and Co.

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 106971W

ARUAL VEPAR

Mumbai

PRED ACCOU

Chartered Accountants

Nuzhat Khan Partner

Membership No :124960

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Alemant offandel Director DIN:07473472 Mumba

Jitendra Patil or Director 473472 DIN:09011804 Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022



Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Parti	iculars	Note Ref	For the Year ended March 31, 2022	For the Year ended March 31, 2021
	Revenue from Operations (Gross)	16	2,064.93	3,114.07
II (Other Income:	17	95.87	31.67
III 1	Fotal Income (I + II)		2,160.80	3,145.74
IV E	Expenses:			
(Cost of raw material consumed	18	582.20	925.59
F	Purchase of Electricity		393.05	728.90
E	Employee Benefit Expenses	19	79.08	160.58
F	Finance Cost	20	2,947.99	2,560.04
0	Depreciation and amortisation expense	21	1,231.43	1,324.13
C	Other Expenses	22	521.41	957.18
Т	otal Expenses (IV)		5,755.15	6,656.43
V P	Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (III-IV)		(3,594.36)	(3,510.69)
VI T	ax Expense	23	223.41	165.02
1	. Current Tax		4 <u>0.5</u> 9	<u> </u>
2	. Deferred Tax		223.41	165.02
VII P	rofit/(Loss) for the year (V-VI)		(3,817.77)	(3,675.71)
o	other comprehensive income			a
	e-measurement gains/ (losses) on efined benefit plans (net of Deffered Tax)	į.	1.13	1.45
VIII T	otal comprehensive income		(3,816.63)	(3,674.27)
Ea	arnings per Share	24		
	asic		(7.97)	(7.67)
Di	iluted		(7.97)	(7.67)

As per our report of even date For Natvarlal Vepari and Co.

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 106971W

Mumbai

Chartered Accountants

Nuzhat Khan Partner

Membership No :124960

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

Hemant Chandel Director DIN:07473472 Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

Jitendra Patil Director

DIN:09011804 Mumbai

CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the Yea 31-Mai		For the Year Ended 31-Mar-22	
. Cash flow from operating activities:				
Net profit / (loss) before tax		(3,594.36)		(3,510.69
Adjusments:				
Interest Income on financial asset on amortised cost	(4.68)		(3.92)	
Allowance of expected credit loss	1.7		3.46	
Interest Expense on financial assets at amortised cost	2,856.23		2,499.86	
Interest on lease liability	41.71		42.14	
Other finance costs	50.06		18.03	
Depreciation	1,231.43	4,174.73	1,324.13	3,883.70
Operating profit before working capital changes		580.38		373.00
Movements in working capital :				
(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables and other liabilities	128.37		(55.56)	
Decrease / (increase) in inventories	67.04		(7.76)	
Decrease / (increase) in Financial Assets	(792.93)		594.18	
Decrease / (increase) in Non -Financial Assets	11.78	(585.77)	(68.57)	462.30
Cash (used in) / generated from the operations	E	(5.39)		835.29
Direct taxes paid (-)/ Refund received (+)		(3.50)		(2.41
Net cash (used in) / generated from the operations		(8.89)		832.87
Cash flow from investment activities:				
Interest received	4.09		6.48	
Purchase of Property Plant and Equipments			(1.75)	
Net cash (used in)/from investment activities		4.09		4.73
Cash flow from financing activities:				
Repayment of long term borrowings	-		140	
Net movement of Short Term Borrowings	-		(854.48)	
Lease Liability Paid	T.		(45.29)	
Finance cost paid	(147.44)	(147.44)	0.00	(899.76)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities		(147.44)	12	(899.76)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(152.24)	=	(62.16)
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents				
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		1.29		153.53
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	153.53 (152.24)	i.	215.69 (62.16)
Components of cash and cash equivalents	!!		¥	,
Cash in hand				
Bank Balance		0.02		0.27
Total components of cash and cash equivalents		1.27		215.42
	_	1.29	3	215.69

(i) Figure in brackets denote outflows

(ii) Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities are given in note no 12.1 (e).

AL VEPAA

Mumbai

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Natvarlal Vepari and Co.

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 106971W

Chartered Accountants

Nuzh

Partner

Membership No :124960

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Pravara Renewable Energy Limited**

2.1

Director DIN:0747

Mumbai Dated: September 28,2022 Jitendra Patil Director DIN:09011804

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022



Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Statement of Changes in Equity

A Equity

Particulars	As at March 3	1, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		
X	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid					
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	47,920,000	4.792.00	47,920,000	4,792.00	
Changes due to prior period errors	-		-	- 1,752.00	
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	47 020 000	4 702 00	47.020.000	4.700.00	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	47,920,000 -	4,792.00 -	47,920,000 -	4,792.00 -	
Balance at the end of the reporting period	47,920,000	4,792.00	47,920,000	4,792.00	

B Other Equity

Particulars	Retained	Total
	Earnings	
Opening balance	(10,175.60)	(10,175.60)
Changes during the current year	(3,675.71)	(3,675.71)
Remeasurment of defined benefit plans	1.45	1.45
Balance at the end of year ended 31 March 2021	(13,849.87)	(13,849.87)
Changes during the current year	(3,817.77)	(3,817.77)
Remeasurment of defined benefit plans	1.13	1.13
Balance at the end of year ended 31 March 2022	(17,666.51)	(17,666.51)

As per our report of even date For Natvarlal Vepari and Co. ICAI Firm Registration No.: 106971W

Chartered Accountants

Membership No:124960

Mumbai

Partner

Dated: September 28,2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Pravara Renewable Energy Limited**

Hemant Chandel

Director

DIN:07473472

Mumbai

Dated: September 28,2022

Jitendra Patil Director

Mumbai



SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

1 Corporate Information

Pravara Renewable Energy Limited (PREL), a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), has been incorporated for the implementation of a Cogeneration Power Project in association with Padmashri Dr. Vithalrao Vikhe Patil Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Limited (PDVVPSSKL or Karkhana) at village Pravara Nagar, Tehsil Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar, Maharashtra.

PREL has entered into a Project Development Agreement (PDA) with PDVVPSSKL for the development of a 30 MW Cogeneration Project on Build-Own-Operate-Transfer (BOOT) basis. The Concession period is 25 years from Commercial Operation Date (COD). PREL has also signed Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company (MSEDCL) for supply of additional electricity to MSEDCL at a contracted rate as per guidelines of Maharashtra Electric Regulatory Commission (MERC).

Accordingly, PREL has installed the Cogeneration facility uses bagasse as primary fuel supplemented by biogas, biomass, coal, liquid fuel or any other fuel and started commercial operation of said plant on 6th November 2015 and producing steam and electricity which are supplying to PDVVPSSKL and MSEDCL as per above agreement and generate revenue.

Project Cost and Means of Finance

- (a) Project funded by a consortium of lenders led by Central bank of India. The other consortium member is Corporation Bank
- (b) The Consortium of lenders has also sanctioned Working Capital Limits of Rs. 40 crores (including LC of Rs. 20 crores) for the Project.

2 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

i) Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

ii) Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognize such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any material impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

iii) Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification, and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

iv) Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

v) Ind AS 106 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

3 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are Standalone Financial Statements and are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The standalone financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest lac, except otherwise stated.

These financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values.

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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO

Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The classification of assets and liabilities of the Company is done into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of the business of the Company. The operating cycle of the business of the Company is less than twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of realisability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The operating cycle of the business of the Company is twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the finacial statement in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2 Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when:

- It is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle or
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
- It is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

3 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of purchase price inclusive of taxes, commissioning expenses, etc. upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Significant spares which have a usage period in excess of one year are also considered as part of Property, Plant and Equipment and are depreciated over their useful life.

Decomissioning costs, if any, on Property, Plant and Equipment are estimated at their present value and capitalised as part of such assets.

Borrowing costs on Property, Plant and Equipments are capitalised when the relevant recognition criteria specified in Ind AS 23 Borrowing Costs is met.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets in accordance with Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

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Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

4 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

5 Impairment Loss

Assets with an indefinite useful life and goodwill are not amortized/ depreciated and are tested annually for impairment. Assets subject to amortization/depreciation are tested for impairment provided that an event or change in circumstances indicates that their carrying amount might not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher between an asset's fair value less sale costs and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped together at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

Non-financial assets other than goodwill for which impairment losses have been recognized are tested at each balance sheet date in the event that the loss has reversed.

6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

▶ Raw materials, Components, Stores and Spares: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits in banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

8 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions

The Company recognizes a provision when it has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is likely that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability recognised in a business combination is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the requirements for provisions above or the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the requirements for revenue recognition.

9 Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

Gratuity, a defined benefit obligation is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation made at the end of each year/period on projected Unit Credit Method.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- ► The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- ► The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The current and non-current bifurcation is done as per Actuarial report.



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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are payable as a result of the company's decision to terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The company recognizes these benefits when it has demonstrably undertaken to terminate current employees' employment in accordance with a formal detailed plan that cannot be withdrawn, or to provide severance indemnities as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits that will not be paid within 12 months of the balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

10 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ▶ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

11 Financial instruments

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

12 Non-derivative financial instruments

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. Further, in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.



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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

13 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Operations

The Company earns revenue primarily from sale of Electricity and Steam

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has applied Ind AS 115 which establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is to be recognised. Ind AS 115 replaces Ind AS 18 Revenue and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 using the cumulative catch up method. The effect of initially applying this standard is recognised at the date of initial application (i.e. April 1, 2018). The standard is applied retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed as at the date of initial application and the comparative information in the statement of profit and loss is not restated – i.e. the comparative information continues to be reported under Ind AS 18 and Ind AS 11. The impact of the adoption of the standard on the financial statements of the Company is insignificant.

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue is recognised at point in time when the performance obligation with respect to Sale of Electricity and steam is being rendered to the Customers which is the point in time when the customer receives the service. Revenue from Sale of Electricity is recognized on output basis when the generated units are wheeled to the user and the metered units are billed at the contracted rates

The billing schedules agreed with customers include periodic performance-based payments. Invoices are payable within contractually agreed credit period.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, price concessions if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Unearned and deferred revenue ("contract liability") is recognised when there is billings in excess of revenues.

Use of significant judgements in revenue recognition

The Company's contracts with customers include promises to provide electricuty and steam to a customer. The Company assesses the services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables.

Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as volume discounts, service level credits, price concessions if any. The transaction price is also adjusted for the effects of the time value of money if the contract includes a significant financing component.

The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the

Contract fulfilment costs are generally expensed as incurred except for certain costs which meet the criteria for capitalisation. Such costs are amortised over the useful life of asset wherever applicable. The assessment of this criteria requires the application of judgement, in particular when considering if costs generate or enhance resources to be used to satisfy future performance obligations and whether costs are expected to be recovered.

Interest income is recognised on time proportion method basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

14 Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the country.Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

For items recognised in OCI or equity, deferred / current tax is also recognised in OCI or equity.

15 Leases

Effective April 1, 2019, the Company has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" using the modified retrospective approach as per para C5(b) read along with para C8 of Appendix C, under which the lessee shall;

- i) recognise lease liability at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.
- ii) recognise a right-of-use asset at the date of initial application for leases previously classified as an operating lease applying Ind AS 17. The lessee shall choose, on a lease-by-lease basis, to measure that right-of-use asset at either;
 - · its carrying amount as if the Standard had been applied since the commencement date, but discounted using the lessee' incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application; or
 - an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

Accordingly, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17 "Lease". Additionally, the disclosure requirements in Ind AS 116 have not generally been applied to comparative information. The following is the summary of the new and/or revised significant accounting policies related to Leases.

The Company, as a lessee, recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The rightof-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

16 Earning per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss before OCI for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss before OCI for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. VEPAR

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO Financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

17 Segment reporting

Business segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of services, the risk return profile of individual business, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the Company.

18 Segment Composition:

The Company has been incorporated as a Special Purpose Vehicle to set up a 30 MW bagasse based co-generation power project under Public Private Partnership scheme.

Further, the Company's operations are within a single geographical segment which is India.

19 Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognized as a liability in the Company's annual accounts in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's equity holders.







Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Factory Building	Plant & Machinery	Computers	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipments	Total
Cost or valuation			•		8	
As at March 31, 2020	4,849.57	22,562.55	0.41	6.77	8.17	27,427.48
Additions	=	1.34	-	0.41	= :	1.75
Sales/Disposals/Adjustments	_	-	_	-	-	- 18
As at March 31, 2021	4,849.57	22,563.89	0.41	7.18	8.17	27,429.23
Additions	-		. 8		-	
Sales/Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	ω,	-	-	
As at March 31, 2022	4,849.57	22,563.89	0.41	7.18	8.17	27,429.23
Depreciation						
As at March 31, 2020	852.83	5,096.50	0.41	5.09	6.47	5,961.30
Charge for the period	191.36	1,117.22	%= -	0.30	1.01	1,309.90
Sales/Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	2 .0	_	:=	
As at March 31, 2021	1,044.20	6,213.72	0.41	5.39	7.49	7,271.19
Charge for the period	187.77	1,028.86	-	0.27	0.29	1,217.20
Sales/Disposals/Adjustments	iii s Esa s		- I	-	12 	
As at March 31, 2022	1,231.97	7,242.58	0.41	5.66	7.78	8,488.39
Net Block						
As at March 31, 2021	3,805.37	16,350.17		1.79	0.69	20,158.03
As at March 31, 2022	3,617.60	15,321.31		1.52	0.40	18,940.83

All Title Deeds of Immovable properties are in the name of the Company

4 Right to use - Asset

Particulars	Total
Gross Block	
As at March 31, 2020	308.57
Addition	-
Disposals	
As at March 31, 2021	308.57
Addition	
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2022	308.57
Depreciation	
As at March 31, 2020	294.30
Addition	14.23
Disposals	
As at March 31, 2021	280.07
Addition	14.23
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2022	265.84





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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

> March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 Non- Current 1,110.42 663.24

> > 1,110.42

663.24

The Company Calculates impairment under the simplified approach the Company does not track the changes in credit risk of trade receivables the impairment amount represents lifetime expected credit loss. Hence the additional disclosures in trade receivables for changes in credit risk and credit impaired trade receivable are not disclosed.

The balances are subject to confirmation as on March 31, 2022.

5.1.1 <u>Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule</u> (Ageing from due date of payment)

Financial Assets 5.1 Trade Receivables

Total

(Unsecured, at amortised cost) (i) Trade Receivable

(a) As at March 31, 2022

ot Due ss than 6 months months - 1 year 2 year 3 year	Considered Good	Significant increase in credit risk	increase in credit impaired	
Unbilled	(4)	Ä	-	-
Not Due	5 SE	<u> </u>		19
less than 6 months	675.02		-	675.02
6 months - 1 year	435.41	-	-	435.41
1-2 year	-	=	-	-
2-3 year	-	4	-	-
> 3 years		-	-	-
Total	1,110.42			1,110.42

(b) As at March 31, 2021

		Total		
ot Due ss than 6 months months - 1 year 2 year	Considered Good	Significant increase in credit risk	credit impaired	
Unbilled	12	-		-
Not Due	-			-
less than 6 months	663.24	190		663.24
6 months - 1 year	-	-	-	37000000000000000000000000000000000000
1-2 year	2			-
2-3 year	_	-		
> 3 years	-	102)	_	-
Total	663.24	3.4.5		663.24

		As	As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
		Non- 0	Current	Current		
.3 01	ther financial assets					
(i) Insurance Claim Receivable			72.10	-	
(ii) Sidhi Singrauli Road Projects Limited	-		60.57	60.57	
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss			(60.57)	(60.57)	
(i	ii) Interest Receivable on Electricity Deposit	=		4.21	3.63	
(i	v) Unbilled Revenue		-	#:	55.50	
(1	Youngthang Power Ventures Limited		-	4.44	4.44	
(v	ri) Sikkim Hydro Power Ventures Limited	-	-	4.23	4.23	
(v	ii) Security Deposit					
	- HT Connection Load	110.04	110.04	-	140	
	- Office deposit			0.15	57.00	
	- Others	0.12	0.12		-	
	- Deposit under dispute (*)	=	-	386.00	-	
	- M-Vat Voluntary Registration	0.25	0.25	7.	220	
	Total	110.41	110.41	471.13	124.80	

(*) One of the creditors who has been granted Arbitration award under Section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 has filed execution petition with the Mumbai High Court. The company has challenged the award under Section 34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, passed in favour of an this Operational creditor. In the meantime the award holder has moved the execution petition at Hon'ble High Court with a request to issue notice to Garnishee Maharashtra State Electricity development Corporation (MSEDCL) as well as Karkhana. Based on Hon'ble High Court Order, MSEDCL has deposited a sum of Rs 386.00 lakhs and the company is in the process of filing an application through the Lenders for non withdrawal of the deposit amount of Rs 386.00 lakks by the award holder. The management has shown this amount as deposit paid under protest.

6	Other	Assets

(i) Advance taxes net of provisions

(ii) Advance to Contractors & Suppliers

(iii) Unamortized upfront fees

(iv) Prepaid Expenses

		at	AS at		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
	Non- (Current	Cur	rent	
	39.18	35.68	-		
NI VED			35.85	36.49	
RIALITAR		34.81	=	15.24	
S . S			47.13	59.91	
. (Mumbbai)	1		1		





Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated) (v) Advance to employees 2.78 1.16 (vi) Advance to contractor- Gammon Engineers and 73.94 73.94 Contractors Private Limited (Considered Doubtful) (vii) Less: Provision for expected credit loss (73.94) (73.94)(viii) Advance to contractor - Gammon India Limited 123.54 123.54 (Considered Doubtful) Less: Provision for expected credit loss (123.54) (123.54)

39.18

70.49

85.76

112.80

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
7	Inventories	,	
	Valued at Lower of cost and net realisable value on Weighted Average method.		
	Raw Material		
	- Bagasse *	9.27	15.59
	- Coal *	10.43	51.45
	Less Provision for Inventory write downs	(19.70)	
	Total		67.04

The disclosure of inventories recognised as an expense in accordance with paragraph 36 of Ind AS 2 is as follows:

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Amount of inventories recognised as an expense	562.50	925.59
*Amount of write - down of inventories recognised as an expense	19.70	1/2

		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
8	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	0.02	0.03
	Balances with banks		
	- On current account	1.27	153.50
	Total	1.29	153.53

		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
9	Equity Share Capital		
	a) Authorised shares :		
	March 31, 2022 : 4,80,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	4,800.00	4,800.00
	March 31, 2021: 4,80,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each		WEST-800-8000
		4,800.00	4,800.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Shares:		
	March 31, 2022: 4,79,20,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	4,792.00	4,792.00
	March 31, 2021: 4,79,20,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	6000,000,000,000	
		4,792.00	4,792.00

b) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares

Total

	Asa	As at March 31, 2022		it
	March 3			March 31, 2021
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the period	47,920,000	4,792.00	47,920,000	4,792.00
Issued during the year	#	***************************************	-	*************
Outstanding at the end of the period	47,920,000	4,792.00	47,920,000	4,792.00

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in

	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Number	% of holding	Number	% of holding
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon	47,920,000	100%	47,920,000	100%
Infrastructure Projects Limited) - Holding Company	A STATE OF THE STA			

As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders, the above shareholding represents legal ownerships of the shares.

d) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The shareholders are entitled to dividend in the proportion of their shareholding. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after payment of all external liabilities. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

e) Shareholding of Promoters

(a)	Shares held by	promoters at March	31, 2022

Name of the Promoter	No of Shares	% of total shares	% change 2021-22
AJR Infra And Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	47,920,000	100.00	0.5
Total	47,920,000	100.00	



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated) Total No of Shares issued and Subscribed 47,920,000 (b) Shares held by promoters at March 31, 2021 Name of the Promoter No of Shares % of total % change 2020-21 shares AJR Infra And Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon 47.920.000 100.00 Infrastructure Projects Limited)

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
10	Other Equity Retained earnings	(17,666.51)	(13,849.87)
	Total	(17,666.51)	(13,849.87)
		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
11	Amounts entirely in the nature of equity Capital contribution	1,916.35	1,916.35
	Total	1,916.35	1,916.35

47,920,000

47,920,000

100.00

The above loan is repayable only after discharge of all liabilities of the bankers and others and to that extent is quasi equity in nature as it has residuary interest in the assets.

		As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
		Non- C	Current	Current N	Maturities
12	Financial Liabilities				
12.1	Long term Borrowings				
	Indian rupee loans from banks (secured)	727	8,557.34	-	1,920.00
	Overdue Principal	14	=	-	3,266.91
	Less:				0.18118170381500
	Current maturities shown under Short Term Borrowings		=		(1.920.00)
	Overdue Principal shown under Short Term Borrowings			-	(3,266.91)
	Total	•	8.557.34		•

a) On account of the company being marked as NPA w.e.f 31st December 2017 by the lenders , no interest has been charged by the lead banker. The company has made provision for interest on the basis of the last sanction and last revision of terms. Therefore the loan balance and finance cost are subject to confirmation and consequent reconciliaiton , if any. The lead bank / other consortium Lender has served notice dated 27th September, 2021 / 22nd November, 2021 respectively under SARFAESI Act, 2002 recalling the credit facilities (Term loan and Cash credit) to which the company has suitably replied. Therefore the loan recalled by the lender is treated as current and disclosed under other financial Liabilities (refer note no. 12.5)

b) Terms of loan

Total

Total No of Shares issued and Subscribed

The above term loan from bank is secured by a first mortgage and charge on all the Company's immovable properties, movable properties, tangible assets, intangible assets, and all bank accounts (including escrow accounts) except fuel and receivables. Fuel and receivables shall entail second

Term loan from Central Bank of India carries an interest of MCLR (1 year) plus spread of 295 basis points.

Term loan from Corporation Bank carries an interest of MCLR (1 year) plus spread of 270 basis points. Further if Company is paying higher Rate of Interest (ROI) to Central Bank of India then same ROI will apply to term loan from Corporation Bank as well.

c) The agreement entered into by the Company with the Karkhana for operation & maintenance of the power plant and Minimum Guaranteed Amount in the previous years was subject to lenders approval. The lenders did not approve the arrangement and finally the two parties to the agreement also did not adhere to the terms. Therefore finally all the transactions have been recorded in the books for and on behalf of the Company as if there was no such agreement. The claims and counter claims raised by either party has been recorded either as receivable or as a contingent liability as claims not acknowledged as debts. This has also significantly impacted the relations with the lenders as the agreement entered into provided for the payment of minimum guarantee which would have ensured that the lender's dues are paid.

d) Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets

The company being marked as NPA w.e.f 31st December 2017 by the lenders. The lead bank / other consortium Lender has served notice dated 27th September, 2021 / 22nd November, 2021 respectively under SARFAESI Act, 2002 recalling the credit facilities (Term loan and Cash credit). Therefore the company has not submitted quarterly statements to any of the lenders.

e) Maturity profile of Non Current term loans as per sanction

Credit Facility Recalled by Lenders (including Interest) Instalment payable within next one year (Including Overdue Principal) Instalment payable between 2 to 5 years Instalment payable beyond 5 years

f) During the year delay disclosure

i) Delay during the year 2021-22



March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 23,587.80 5,186.91 6,232.00 2,325.34 23,587.80 13,744.25

As at

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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

The facility is marked as a Non-Performing Asset (NPA). The Company is defaulting in repayment of term loan to the banks. The company has also received a recall notice from the lenders. Therefore the loan is treated as current.

Entire outstanding balance including accrued interest of Rs. 23,587.80/- lacs is considered as continuing default.

The company has not taken any fresh loan from banks and financial institutions during the year.

ii) Delay during the year 2020-23

,	Name of the Bank	Amount	Nature of	Due date of	Paid Date if	Delay in days
	- Name of the bank	Amount	payment	payment	applicable	Delay in days
	Corporation Bank	80.36	Principal	31-May-19	29-Dec-20	578
	Corporation Bank	177.00	Principal	31-Aug-19	29-Dec-20	486
	Corporation Bank	177.00	Principal	30-Nov-19	29-Dec-20	395
	Corporation Bank	28.58	Principal	29-Feb-20	29-Dec-20	304

g) Continuing default

i) The facility is marked as a Non-Performing Asset (NPA). The Company is defaulting in repayment of term loan to the banks. The company has also received a recall notice from the lenders. Therefore the loan is treated as current.

Entire outstanding balance including accrued interest of Rs. 23,587.80/- lacs is considered as continuing default.

The company has not taken any fresh loan from banks and financial institutions during the year.

ii) As on March 31, 2021

Name of the Bank	Amount	Nature of	Due date of	Delay in days
Union Bank of India	148.42	Principal	29-Feb-20	397
Union Bank of India	211.00	Principal	31-May-20	305
Union Bank of India	211.00	Principal	31-Aug-20	213
Union Bank of India	211.00	Principal	30-Nov-20	122
Union Bank of India	211.00	Principal	28-Feb-21	32
Central Bank of India	212.50	Principal	31-May-19	671
Central Bank of India	266.00	Principal	31-Aug-19	579
Central Bank of India	266.00	Principal	30-Nov-19	488
Central Bank of India	266.00	Principal	29-Feb-20	397
Central Bank of India	316.00	Principal	31-May-20	305
Central Bank of India	316.00	Principal	31-Aug-20	213
Central Bank of India	316.00	Principal	30-Nov-20	122
Central Bank of India	316.00	Principal	28-Feb-21	32
TOTAL OF OVERDUE PRINCIPAL	3,266.92			

e) Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" - Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities:

Particulars	Non-current Current I		Interest Accrued	Total	
Balance as on April 1, 2020	14,207.20	3,539.20	1,487.22	19,233.62	
Changes from financing cash flows		(854.48)		(854.48)	
Non cash movements	(462.95)	958.72	(495.77)		
Interest	=		2,499.86	2,499.86	
Balance as on March 31, 2021	13,744.25	3,643.45	3,491.31	20,879.01	
Changes from financing cash flows	:=:	509.96	(657.41)	(147.44)	
Non cash movements		-		54	
Interest	:=	*	2,856.23	2,856.23	
Balance as on March 31, 2022	13,744.25	4,153.41	5,690.13	23,587.79	

		Α	is at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
12.2 Sh	nort term Borrowings		
	Cash credit from banks		
	- Central Bank		1,801.08
	- Corporation Bank	(*)	1,842.37
	Current maturities of long term borrowings) ,	5,186.91
	Unsecured Inter-corporate loan from GIPL	2,444.48	2,444.48
	Total	2,444.48	11,274.84

a) Cash Credit

Cash credit from banks are against first charge on inventory, receivables, fuel stock and other current assets and second charge on fixed assets of the Company.

Cash credit from Central Bank of India carries an interest of MCLR (1 year) plus spread of 345 basis points.

Cash Credit from Corporation Bank carries an interest of MCLR (1 year) plus spread of 320 basis points. Further if Company is paying higher Rate of Interest (ROI) to Central Bank of India then same ROI will apply to term loan from Corporation Bank as well.

The lead bank / other consortium Lender has served notice dated 27th September,2021 / 22nd November,2021 respectively under SARFAESI Act,2002 recalling the credit facilities (Term loan and Cash credit) to which the company has suitably replied. Therefore the loan recalled by the lender is treated as current and disclosed under other financial Liabilities (refer note no. 12.5)

b) Inter-corporate Loan from GIPL

Inter-corporate Loan from GIPL is interest free ICD and is repayable on demand.

c) Delay and Default in payment of Interest on Cash Credit a/c

i) Continuing Default in case of Cash Credit

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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

As on March 31, 2022

The facility is marked as a Non-Performing Asset (NPA). The Company is defaulting in repayment of term loan to the banks. The company has also received a recall notice from the lenders. Therefore the loan is treated as current.

Entire outstanding balance including accrued interest of Rs. 4,161.33/- lacs is considered as continuing default.

During the year, Central Bank of India has debited the cash credit facility account by Rs.11.88 lac and Union Bank of India (Formerly known as Corporation Bank) has debited the cash credit facility account by Rs.7.92 lac. The company In the absense of any information on the apportionment of debit by the bank has apportioned this debit against the interest payment.

As on March 31, 2021

Name of the Bank	Amount	Nature of	Due date of	Delay in days
Union Bank of India	161.28	Principal	29-Dec-20	93
Union Bank of India	20.43	Interest	31-Dec-20	91
Union Bank of India	20.66	Interest	31-Jan-21	60
Union Bank of India	18.88	Interest	28-Feb-21	32
Union Bank of India	21.12	Interest	31-Mar-21	1
Total	242.37			

During the previous year, Central Bank of India has debited the cash credit facility account by Rs.502.27 lac. The company In the absense of any information on the apportionment of debit by the bank has apportioned this debit against the interest payment for the entire year and hence the same is not shown as a default.

During the previous year, Union Bank of India (earlier, Corporation Bank) has debited the cash credit facility account by Rs.335 lac and has also passed reclasss entry with Term Loan account amounting to Rs 463 lac on 29th December, 2020. The company In the absense of any information on the apportionment of debit by the bank has apportioned this debit against the interest payment and hence the same is not shown as a default till 29th December, 2020. However with the effect of this reclass entry, an amount of Rs 161 lac has been classified as principal default and interest falling due thereafter till 31st March, 2021 as interest default.

As	at	As at		
March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021		
Non- Current	Non- Current	Current	Current	
253.78	257.37	45.29	45.29	
253.78	257.37	45.29	45.29	

Lease Liability Lease Liability

....

Total

B) The details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Less than one year	45.29	45.29
One to five years	226.44	226.44
More than five years	573.65	618.94
	845.38	890.66

C) The following is the movement in lease liabilities

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Opening Balance	302.65	305.80
Addition in liability during the year		-
Interest on lease liabilities	41.71	42.14
Discharge of lease liabilities	(45.29)	(45.29)
Closing Balance	299.07	302.65

12.4	Trade Payables (at amortised cost)	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022			
12.4	Trade Payables (at amortised cost)	Dues to Micro, small and medium enterprises	Dues to other than Micro, small and medium enterprises	Chers	Cay 2,254.37	C,441.01
12.4	Total	Total	Total	Cay 3,254.37	C,441.01	
13.4	Cay 3,254.37	C,441.01				
14.5	Cay 3,254.37	C,441.01				
15.5						

(a) As per the information available with the Company, there are no Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, as defined in the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, to whom the Company owes dues on account of principal or interest.

The above information regarding Miro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

(b) The balance with Karkhana is subject to reconciliation and confirmation.

Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

(Ageing from due date of payment)

(a) As at March 31, 2022

Range of O/s period	MS	MSME		
nange or oys period	Undisputed	Disputed	Undisputed	Disputed
Unbilled			51.46	1-00
Not Due				-
Less than 1 year		-	73.47	1,160.89
1-2 years	7.0		347.95	263.54
2-3 year			151.24	14
> 3 years	9-4		56.80	149.01
Total	•		680.92	1,573.44

(b) As at March 31, 2021

Range of O/s period	MSME		Oth	Others	
Nange of O/s period	Undisputed	Disputed	Undisputed	Disputed	
Unbilled			247.75		

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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

> 3 years		-	26.39	146.87
2-3 year	-	-	31.91	2.14
1-2 years		-	163.41	
Less than 1 year	-	\ - \	623.85	1,198.70
Not Due	=	-		

		As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
		Non- Current	Non-Current	Current	Current
12.5	Other Financial Liabilities	(2			
	Interest accrued - banks		72	2	3,491.31
	Loan Recalled by the Lenders				
	Principal amount of Term loans	-	-	13,744.25	
	Interest amount of Term loans	-	-	5,690.13	-
	Cash Credit (Including Interest Accrued)	2	-	4,153.41	-
	Dues to Related parties			1.00 · 00.0 · 00.000	
	- AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure		1 4 0	1,357.76	1,138.45
	Projects Limited) - Holding Company			•	.,
	- Patna Highway Project Limited	1.5	:=::	73.00	73.00
	- Indira Container Terminal Private Limited			0.02	0.02
	Lease Payable	-	-	45.29	
	Gammon Engineers and Contractors Private Limited	24	-	350.00	350.00
	Other liabilities	-	-	96.38	39.24
	Total			25,510.24	5,092.03

a) During the year delays in payment of Interest to the lenders

As at March 31, 2022

The facility is marked as a Non-Performing Asset (NPA). The Company is defaulting in repayment of term loan and cash credit to the banks. The company has also received a recall notice from the lenders. Therefore the loan is treated as current. Entire outstanding balance including accrued interest of Rs. 23,587.80/- lacs is considered as continuing default.

b) Continuing Default

ii) As at March 31, 2021

Name of the Bank	Amount	Nature of	Due date of	Delay in days
Central Bank of India	85.99	Interest	30-Jun-19	64:
Central Bank of India	87.11	Interest	31-Jul-19	610
Central Bank of India	88.14	Interest	31-Aug-19	579
Central Bank of India	86.73	Interest	30-Sep-19	549
Central Bank of India	90.64	Interest	31-Oct-19	518
Central Bank of India	88.74	Interest	30-Nov-19	488
Central Bank of India	93.19	Interest	31-Dec-19	45
Central Bank of India	94.28	Interest	31-Jan-20	42
Central Bank of India	89.23	Interest	29-Feb-20	39
Central Bank of India	96.89	Interest	31-Mar-20	36
Central Bank of India	94.86	Interest	30-Apr-20	33
Central Bank of India	99.13	Interest	31-May-20	30
Central Bank of India	97.58	Interest	30-Jun-20	27
Central Bank of India	101.98	Interest	31-Jul-20	24
Central Bank of India	103.17	Interest	31-Aug-20	21
Central Bank of India	101.53	Interest	30-Sep-20	18:
Central Bank of India	106.11	Interest	31-Oct-20	15:
Central Bank of India	103.89	Interest	30-Nov-20	12:
entral Bank of India	109.11	Interest	31-Dec-20	9:
entral Bank of India	110.38	Interest	31-Jan-21	60
entral Bank of India	100.87	Interest	28-Feb-21	33
entral Bank of India	113.40	Interest	31-Mar-21	
Inion Bank of India	55.96	Interest	30-Jun-19	64:
Inion Bank of India	56.74	Interest	31-Jul-19	610
nion Bank of India	57.40	Interest	31-Aug-19	579
nion Bank of India	56.48	Interest	30-Sep-19	549
Inion Bank of India	59.02	Interest	31-Oct-19	518
nion Bank of India	57.78	Interest	30-Nov-19	488
nion Bank of India	60.68	Interest	31-Dec-19	457
nion Bank of India	61.38	Interest	31-Jan-20	426
nion Bank of India	57.93	Interest	29-Feb-20	397
nion Bank of India	62.89	Interest	31-Mar-20	366
nion Bank of India	61.57	Interest	30-Apr-20	336
nion Bank of India	64.33	Interest	31-May-20	305
nion Bank of India	63.32	Interest	30-Jun-20	275
nion Bank of India	66.06	Interest	31-Jul-20	244
nion Bank of India	66.03	Interest	31-Aug-20	213
nion Bank of India	64.30	Interest	30-Sep-20	183
nion Bank of India	60.24	Interest	31-Oct-20	152
nion Bank of India	61.27	Interest	30-Nov-20	122
nion Bank of India	64.28	Interest	31-Dec-20	91
nion Bank of India	64.93	Interest	31-Jan-21	60
nion Bank of India	59.23	Interest	28-Feb-21	32
nion Bank of India	66.53	Interest	31-Mar-21	1

Total 3,491.31

As at

CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
		Non- C	Current	Cur	rent
13	Provisions				
	Provision for leave encashment	0.39	12.89	0.05	0.03
	Provision for gratuity	1.91	7.20	3.89	1.89
	Provision for decommissioning liability	28.74	25.95	•	(#.)
	Total	31.04	46.04	3.94	1.92

(I) Information about individual provisions and significant estimates

a) Provision for decommissioning liability

In accordance with PDA entered by Company with Karkhana, at the end of 25 years after commercial operation Company is required to incur the expenditure to bring the plant back to its normal working condition which will result in decommissioning Obligation on the part of the Company maximum upto Rs 200 lac. Accordingly, Company has created provision for the said expenditure to be incurred in future in accordance with Ind AS 16 " Property Plant and Equipment"

b) Movement in provisions

	As	at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Balance at the beginning of the period	25.95	23.43
Provision created during the period	129	2
Finance Cost on outstanding provision	2.79	2.52
Utilised during the period	Unaber 1-42	
Balance at the end of the period	28.74	25.95

c) Disclosure in accordance with Ind AS – 19 "Employee Benefits", of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The company has carried out the actuarial valuation of Gratuity and Leave Encashment liability under actuarial principle, in accordance with Ind AS 19 - Employee Benefits.

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan under which employees who have completed five years or more of service are entitled to gratuity on departure from employment at an amount equivalent to 15 days salary (based on last drawn salary) for each completed year of service restricted to Rs 20 lac. The Company's gratuity liability is unfunded.

i) The amount recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation of Gratuity over the year is as follow:

		A	s at
10.7.07	Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
(a)	Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of Defined benefit Obligation		
	Defined Benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	9.09	8.87
	Current Service Cost	0.74	0.55
	Interest Cost	0.61	1.12
	Actuarial (Gain) /Loss	(1.13)	(1.45
	Transfer out of Obligation	(3.52)	-
	Defined Benefit obligation at the year end	5.79	9.09
(b)	Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets		
	Fair Value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	2	-
	Expected return on Plan Assets	₩	-
	Actuarial Gain/ (Loss)		
	Employer Contribution	2	-
	Benefits Paid	2	-
	Fair Value of Plan Assets at the year end		-
	Actual Return on Plan Assets		(80)
(c)	Reconciliation of fair value of assets and obligations		
	Fair Value of Plan Assets	2	3 4 8
	Present value of Defined Benefit obligation	5.79	9.09
	Liability recognized in Balance Sheet	5.79	9.09
(d)	Expenses recognized during the year (Under the head " Employees Benefit Expenses)		
	Current Service Cost	0.74	0.55
	Interest Cost	0.61	1.12
	Expected Rate of return on Plan Assets	(2)	12
	Past employees Service	120 m	<u>=</u>
	Net Cost	1.35	1.67
(d)	Expenses recognized during the year (Under the head " Other Comprehensive Income)		
	Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	(1.13)	(1.45
	Net Cost	(1.13)	(1.45
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
ii)	Actuarial assumptions		
	Mortality Table (LIC)	Indian Assured	Lives 2006-08
	Discount rate (per annum)	7.10%	6.75%
	Expected rate of return on Plan assets (per annum)	NA	NA
	Rate of escalation in salary (per annum)	6.5%	6.5%
	Withdrawal rate:		
	- upto age of 34	3%	3%
	- upto age of 35-44	2%	2%
	- upto age 45 & above	1%	1%
	Retirement age	60 years	60 years





Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

There is no minimum funding requirement for a gratuity plan in India and there is no compulsion on the part of the company fully or partially prefund the liabilities under the plan. Since the liabilities are un funded there is no asset liability matching strategy devised for the plan.

		Discount Rate	Salary Growth Rate
iii	i) Sensitivity analysis		
	A quantitative Sensitivity analysis for significant		
	assumptions		
	Change in assumption		
	March 31, 2022	1%	1%
	March 31, 2021	1%	1%
	Increase in assumption		
	March 31, 2022	5.70	5.91
	March 31, 2021	1.02	1.01
	Decrease in assumption		
	March 31, 2022	-5.91	-5.70
	March 31, 2021	-0.86	-0.87
iv)	Experience adjustment	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
١٧)	Experience adjustment Experience adjustment on Plan Liability	-1.13	-1.45
		-	2
			s at
Def	erred Tax Liability	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
	Deferred Tax Liability on account of :		
	- Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)	1,310.38	1,087.56
	Deferred Tax Asset on account of :		
	- Tax Disallowances -u/s 43B	(1.57)	(5.54
	- Provision for Decommissioning	(7.23)	(A
	- Lease Liability	(8.36)	(5.68
	Deferred Tax Liability, net		

Since the Company is facing financial crunch and is not able to make repayment to its lenders w.r.t principal and interest. Therefore on prudence, no deferred Tax Asset is created in the books on the disallawance of interest not paid to bank and Financial Institution under section 43B of Income Tax Act, 1961 as at March 31, 2022.

		As	As at		at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
		Non- C	Current	Cur	rent
15	Other Liabilities			303.41	
	Duties and Taxes payable	9		146.71	96.29
	Total			146.71	96.29
16	Revenue from operations			2021-22	2020-21
	Sale of Electricity & Steam			2,064.93	3,114.07
	Total			2,064.93	3,114.07

- I Disclosure in accordance with Ind AS 115 "Revenue Recognition Disclosures", of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015
- a) Revenue disaggregation based on Product Type and Customer type:
- (i) Revenue disaggregation by type of Product is as follows:

2021-22	2020-21
1,738.34	2,162.22
326.59	951.85
2,064.93	3,114.07
2021-22	2020-21
1,169.89	1,262.96
895.04	1,851.11
2,064.93	3,114.07
2021-22	2020-21
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	55.50
2021-22	2020-21
4.68	3.92
72.03	-
19.16	-
-	27.75
95.87	31.67
	1,738.34 326.59 2,064.93 2021-22 1,169.89 895.04 2,064.93 2021-22 4.68 72.03 19.16

Particulars







Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

	(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)		
18	Cost of material Consumed		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year	67.04	59.27
	Add : Purchases	515.17	933.36
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year		(67.04)
	Cost of raw material consumed	582.20	925.59
		2021-22	2020-21
19	Employee Benefit Expenses	(-	
	Salaries and wages	71.16	145.13
	Contribution to provident fund and others funds	7.00	9.49
	Staff welfare expenses	0.92	5.96
	Total	79.08	160.58
		2021-22	2020-21
20	Finance Cost		2020 22
	Interest expenses on Financial liability at amortised cost (*)	2,853.44	2,497.35
	Interest on Decommissioning Obligation	2.79	2.52
	Other finance costs	50.06	18.03
	Interest on lease liability	41.71	42.14
	······································	74.74	42.14
	Total	2,947.99	2,560.04
		2,5 11 135	2,500.01
	(*) Since the account is NPA and the lead bank has stopped charging interest, the Company has accrued the inte	rest cost on the basis of	f the last agreed
	terms.		the last agreed
21	Depreciation and amortisation	2021-22	2020-21
21		<u> </u>	5 <u>352</u> 53333
	Depreciation on PPE Depreciation on Right of Use	1,217.20	1,309.90
		14.23	14.23
	Total	1,231.43	1,324.13
			12000000
22	Other Europe	2021-22	2020-21
22	Other Expenses		
	Routine operation and maintenance expenses	57.20	459.98
	Bank Charges	0.20	2.50
	Electricity and fuel expenses	317.48	289.66
	Filing fees	0.05	0.05
	Professional fees	57.99	9.14
	Computer Expenses	0.17	0.13
	Transportation expenses	•	-
	Insurance expenses	42.36	37.00
	Rent	1.17	28.63
	Rates and Taxes		1.70
	GST Credit Written off	31.75	110.87
	Repairs And Maintenance - Others	0.18	0.78
	Motor car expenses	0.10	4.74
	Sundry expenses	9.57	6.68
	Balances No Longer Receivable W/Off	1.51	0.01
	Allowance of expected credit loss	ĝ.	3.46
	Remuneration to Auditors (Including Tax Audit)	1.70	1.85
	Total	521.41	957.18
	a) Payment to auditors	2021-22	2020-21
	Statutory Audit	1.00	1.00
	Tax Audit	0.25	0.25
	Limited Review	0.45	0.60
	Total	1.70	1.85
		2021-22	2020-21
23	Tax expenses	7.	- St
	a) Reconciliation of statutory rate of tax and effective rate		
	of tax:		
	Current taxes	2	=
	Deferred taxes	223.41	165.02
		223.41	165.02
	A Current Tax		
	Accounting profit before income tax	(3,594.36)	(3,510.69)
	Enacted tax rates in India (%)	25.17%	25.17%
	(Applied new tax regime 115BBA from current year in book of accounts)		
	Minimum Alternate Tax on Book Profit		
	Tax on above	(904.63)	(883.57)
	Effect of non deductible expenses	924.23	847.20
	Effect of deductible expenses	(532.10)	(531.92)
	Tax	(512.50)	(568.29)
	Tax Rounded OffA	1.0	-
	B Deferred Tax Reconciliation		

B Deferred Tax Reconciliation

Property	, Plant and Equipment
Employe	e benefits
Lease Lia	ability
Provision	n for Decommissioning Liability
As at Ma	arch 31, 2021

Particulars



Opening	Recognised in profit and loss	Closing
(913.75)	(173.81)	(1,087.56
5.98	(0.44)	5.54
2.99	2.69	5.68
	6.53	6.53
(904.78)	(165.02)	(1,069.80)





Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Property, Plant and Equipment	(1,087.56)	(222.82)	(1,310.38)
Employee benefits	5.54	(3.97)	1.57
Lease Liability	5.68	0.70	6.39
Provision for Decommissioning Liability	6.53	2.68	9.21
As at March 31, 2022	(1.069.80)	(223.41)	(1.293.21)

Since the Company is facing financial crunch and is not able to make repayment to its lenders w.r.t principal and interest. Therefore on prudence, no deferred Tax Asset is created in the books on the disallawance of interest not paid to bank and Financial Institution under section 43B of Income Tax Act . 1961 as at March 31 2022

Earnings Per Share ('EPS'):

Net Profit / (loss) attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted number of shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share are as summarised below

	2021-22	2020-21
Net Profit / (Loss) as per Statement of Profit and Loss	(3,817.77)	(3,675.71)
Outstanding equity shares at period end	47,920,000	47,920,000
Weighted average Number of Shares outstanding during the period – Basic	47,920,000	47,920,000
Weighted average Number of Shares outstanding during the period - Diluted	47,920,000	47,920,000
Earnings per Share - Basic/Diluted (Rs.)	(7.97)	(7.67)
	2021-22	2020-21
Reconciliation of weighted number of outstanding during the period:	(
Nominal Value of Equity Shares (Rs per share)	10.00	10.00
For Basic EPS:		
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period	47,920,000	47,920,000
Add : Issue of Equity Shares		
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the period	47,920,000	47,920,000
Weighted average number of equity shares at the end of the period	47,920,000	47,920,000

Company has not issued any instrument which will dilute the earing of equity shareholders, therefore Basic EPS and Diluted EPS both are the same.

25 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The financial statements require management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosures of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the separate financial statements.

Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation. For plans operated outside India, the management considers the interest rates of high quality corporate bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation with at least an 'AA' rating or above, as set by an internationally acknowledged rating agency, and extrapolated as needed along the yield curve to correspond with the expected term of the defined benefit obligation. The underlying bonds are further reviewed for quality. Those having excessive credit spreads are excluded from the analysis of bonds on which the discount rate is based, on the basis that they do not represent high quality corporate bonds.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific countries. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries.

26 Financial instruments

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2022 & March 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Financial assets	-			
Amortized cost:				
Trade receivables	1,110.42	1,110.42	663.24	663.24
Cash and bank balances	1.29	1.29	153.53	153.53
Others Financial assets	581.53	581.53	235.20	235.20
	1,693.24	1,693.24	1,051.97	1,051.97

Financial liabilities Amortized cost



13,744.25



Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

	30,209.08	30 209 08	27 365 21	27 365 21
Others	25.510.24	25.510.24	(94.89)	(94.89)
Trade payable	2,254.37	2,254.37	2,441.01	2,441.01
Short term borrowings	2,444.48	2,444.48	11,274.84	11,274.84

The above financial liability does not include leave liability, the disclosure of which is shown note no 25(B)

The management assessed that fair value of cash, short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, book overdrafts and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

27 Contingent liabilities

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Disputed income Tax demand against which the Company has preferred appeals	4,085.24	3,628.60
Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt	532.61	1,214.50

28 Disclosure in accordance with Ind AS – 108 "Operating Segments", of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The Company's operations constitutes a single business segment namely "Power Generation" as per Ind AS 108. Further, the Company's operations are within single geographical segment which is in the state of Maharashtra, India. As such, there is no separate reportable segment under Ind AS - 108 on Operating Segments.

Entity level disclosure as required in IND AS 108

a) Major products

The Companies major products are Power, Steam and fuel and revenue from the same during the period is Rs 2,064.93 lac (Previous period: Rs 3.114.06 lacs).

b) Major Customer

Name of Customer	2021-2	2	2020-21		
	Amount (Rs.)	%	Amount (Rs.)	%	
Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company Limited	1,169.89	56.66%	1,262.96	40.56%	
Padmashri Dr. Vithalrao Vikhe Patil Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd.	895.04	43.34%	1,851.11	59.44%	

c) Information about Geographical areas

Company's operation are confined in the state of Maharashtra only. All its revenue are generated in the said geographical location.

29 Disclosure in accordance with Ind AS - 24 "Related Party Disclosures", of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 Related Party Transactions are given vide Annexure 1 attached

30 Derivative Instruments and Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure

There are no derivative instruments and no foreign currency exposure outstanding as on March 31, 2022 and as on March 31, 2021.

31 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company is into the business of Generation of electricity. Therefore its major consumer are state owned power distribution companies. Company has commenced its generation facility in November 2015. Further company's generation facility has major input in the form of bagasse (seasonal item) and coal. Generation of electricity by using coal has started in financial year 2016-17. Company has huge outstanding borrowing which were taken for capital expenditure and the same will be repaid by funds which will be generated from the operations. Therefore Company's operation and financial stability is affected by various factor such as availability and pricing of raw materials, demand and tariff of power, interest

The Company's senior management is supported by an appropriate financial and operation risk governance framework for the Company which provides assurance to the Company's senior management that the Company's financial risk and operation risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial and operation risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is not affected by credit risk as all its major customer is state owned power companies and Karkhana with whom it has entered into Project Development Agreement (PDA) as PDA include several recovery measures.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is risk that Company will have insufficient liquidity in hands to payback its instalments to banks and trade liabilities falling for payment within the near future.

Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and bank balances and the cash flow that is generated from operations. Company has outstanding borrowings of Rs. 26,032.28 lacs as on March 31, 2022 and Rs. 23,323.49 lac as on March 31, 2021.

If timely payments do not come from the Customers the liquidity becomes an issue for funding the procurement of bagasse and coal.

c) Market risk

i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk arise from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not Company's function currency.

Company has no commercial transaction or has no assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency. Therefore, Company is neutral to the change in foreign exchange fluctuation risk.

ii) Commodity risk

Commodity risk is risk that arise from change in the price of input raw materials and output which will have impact on the profit and loss of the Company.

The major raw material for the generation of power is bagasse. Bagasse is presently procured from Karkhana at an agreed price in return for supply of power. In non-seasonal period of crushing the bagasse generated by Karkhana is not sufficient and to procure bagasse from outside source at competitive price is difficult. The transportation of bagasse which is a bulky item makes the landed cost very high for such procurement. The Company also uses coal as its fuel and is exposed to changes in price of coal.



Effect on profit before tax Coal Power

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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

Sensitivity		· .
The following table shows the effect of price changes		
Change in Assumption		
March 31, 2022	5%	5%
March 31, 2021	5%	5%
Increase in Assumption		
March 31, 2022	0.00	58.49
March 31, 2021	(3.84)	63.15
Decrease in Assumption		
March 31, 2022	0.00	(58.49)
March 31, 2021	3.84	(63.15)

iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term and short term borrowing with floating interest rates.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

Particulars	Increase/ Decrease in	Effect on profit before tax	
	basis points		
31-Mar-22			
Interest Rate	+100	(235.88)	
	-100	235.88	
31-Mar-21			
Interest Rate	+100	(208.79)	
	-100	208.79	

The assumed movement in basis points for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment, showing a significantly higher volatility than in prior years.

32 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, convertible preference shares, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Gross Debt	26,032.28	23,323.49
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.29	153.53
Net debt (A)	26,030.99	23,169.96
Total Equity (B)	(10,958.16)	(7,141.52)
Gearing ratio	(2.38)	(3.24)

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

33 Litigation with Karkhana

The company has filed an application under Sec 9 of Arbitration and conciliation Act, 1996 against Karkhana seeking interim reliefs which was heard by Hon'ble High Court on 30th October 2021 and adjourned to 22nd November, 2021 for filing reply. The Single Judge of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court, after elaborately dealing with the contentions of both the parties, passed an Order dated 11th April, 2022 to restrain Karkhana and any representative acting on behalf of the Karkhana, from entering the premises of the Company's Co-generation Plant pending the hearing/final disposal and until final execution of the Arbitral Award. Subsequently, on 2nd May, 2022, after dealing with the submissions of Karkhana's appeal and contentions of both the parties, Division Bench of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court had admitted the Karkhana's appeal filed under section 37 of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act ("the Act"), and granted stay of the Order dated 11th April, 2022 passed by the Single Judge in Commercial Arbitration Petition (L.) No. 23525 of 2021 (filed under Section 9 of the Act by the Petitioner).

Based on Special Leave Petition (SLP) filed by the Company against the impugned Order dated 2nd May 2022 passed by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay and after hearing both the parties, Supreme Court had directed the Company vide order dated 20th May,2022 to approach Arbitration Tribunal for relief since the tribunal is constituted. Accordingly, Company has filed its relief application under Sec 17 of Arbitration and conciliation Act, 1996 on 18/07/2022 against Karkhana. In the meantime, Karkhana had approached Debts Recovery Tribunal, Aurangabad and the matter was listed with objections on the maintainability and the Interlocutory application No 1239/2021 for seeking certain directions for stay. DRT, Aurangabad in its order has directed to register this case as a Securitization application and directed the bank to give minimum 15 days' notice prior to taking physical possession. Based on the submission of Karkhana that the Plant was possessed and run by Karkhana, the tribunal ordered to maintain status quo. The Company has taken legal opinion on the matter and has challenged the Order dated 29th December, 2021 passed by the DRT Aurangabad before the Hon'ble DRAT. Mumbai.

The Company contends that the Karkhana has taken illegal / unauthorized possession of the Plant and has been running the plant without authorization consent of the Company.

These matters are subjudice and the Company is awaiting decision of the courts.

34 Unavailability of Records

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CIN: U45202MH2008PLC185428

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All the figures are Rupees in lac unless otherwise stated)

In view of the situation detailed under para 33 above and that the Karkhana has taken illegal / unauthorized possession of the Plant and has been running the plant without authorization / consent of the Company, the power generated for the period January,01 2022 to March 31,2022 exported to the Grid has not been accounted as Revenue in the books of the Company. The revenue therefrom also has not been credited to the Company's bank account. Similarly, Fuel (Bagasse) consumed at the Plant for the generation of power for the captioned period of January,01 2022 to March 31,2022 has not been accounted as expense / Inventory in the books of the Company. In the absence of records and data for the aforesaid period these financial statements are prepared based on the best estimates of the Management without incorporating the transactions as aforesaid for the period from January 1, 2022 to March 31, 2022.

Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern

The borrowing facility of the company has been marked as non-performing assets by the lenders, hence no interest has been debited by the lenders in the Loan Statements. The company has made provision for interest based on the last sanction and last revision of terms. Therefore, the loan balances and finance cost are subject to confirmation and consequent reconciliation, if any. Recall notice dated 27th September 2021 and 22nd November 2021 were issued by the Lenders, Central Bank of India and Union Bank of India respectively vide which both the lenders recalled the entire outstanding amounts owed by the Company (Term loan and Cash credit) to which the company has suitably replied. Also, Both the lenders have jointly filed an Original Application No. 69/2021 before the DRT-II, New Delhi, against the Company and others for the enforcement of the claims of lenders against the Company, in respect of the Term Loan and Working Capital Loan sanctioned to the Company by the lenders. Ex Parte Order was passed by DRT II, Delhi with a direction to maintain status quo in respect of assets as per section 19 sub-section (4) of the Recovery of Debts and Bankruptcy Act 1993."

The company has challenged the Order passed by DRT II, Delhi. Also on 9th March, 2022 / 26th May, 2022, Union Bank of India / Central Bank of India respectively affixed the impugned notice under Section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act 2002 at the premises of the Company's Co-gen plant and taken symbolic possession. The Company has challenged both the notices at DRT, Mumbai.

The Company's facility are also illegally occupied by Karkhana as detailed in Note 33 and the access to facility and records and transactions for the period from January 1, 2022 to March 31, 2022 are not available as detailed in note 34.

The Companies current liabilities exceeds current assets by Rs. 28,736.41 lakhs. The viability of the project and the ability to continue as a going concern depends upon the ability of the Company to procure Bagasse / alternate Fuel at a viable price either from Karkhana under the arrangement to supply them power in return or from the open Market. In view of the pending settlement between the Company and Karkhana, the availability of adequate Bagasse to run the plant at optimum capacity is a matter of significant uncertainty. The use of coal as an alternate fuel has other issues of cost and operations. The lenders also are not providing any further funding for the procurement of the inventory for the running of the plant.

The management however is hopeful of resolving the issues including repossessing the plant and running the operations. Accordingly these financials are prepared on a going concern basis.

- The information about transaction with struck off Companies (defined under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956) has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of the information available with the Company and the same is relied upon by the auditors.
- All the charges or satisfaction as per the sanction are duly registered with Registrar of Companies as at March 31, 2022 in favour of the lenders for facilities availed by the Company.
- **Expenditure incurred on Corporate Social Responsibility**

Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year and previous year is NIL respectively.

Analytical Ratios

Analytical Ratios are given vide Annexure 2 attached

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Comparative periods

Figures of the previous period have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary including to conform to current period's classification in order to comply with the requirements of amended Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 effective April 1, 2021.

As per our report of even date For Natvarlal Vepari and Co.

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 106971W

Dated: September 28,2022

Membership No :124960 Mumbai Mumbai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Pravara Renewable Energy Limited

DIN-0747347

Mumbai Dated: September 28,2022 DIN:09011804

NEWAR

Mumbai

Annexure -:

Disclosure in accordance with Ind AS - 24 "Related Party Disclosures", of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015

A Related Party Disclosure

Parties where control exists

- Gammon India Limited Entities having significant influence (W.e.f 8th September 2017)
- AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited) Holding Company

Fellow Subsidiaries

- Sidhi Singrauli Roads Projects Limited Fellow Subsidiary
- Patna Highway Projects Limited Fellow Subsidiary

Key managerial personnel (KMP)

- Mr. Naresh Sasanwar Director up to 15th March, 2021
- Mineel Mali Director Upto 15th March 2021
- Mr. Jitendra Dattatraya Patil Additional Director (Non-Executive Director) w.e.f. 15th March, 2021
- Mr. Shiv Kumar Vats Additional Director upto 27th January 2022
- Mr. Subrarabinda Birabar Director w.e.f. 27th October 2022

B The following are the transactions with related parties Related party transactions

SI No		Holding Company	Enties having significant influence	Fellow Subsidiary	Key managerial personnel	Total
1	Provision made towards expected credit loss	-			- 1	
	(Previous Year)	-	-	(3.46)	-	(3.46)
	Sidhi Singrauli Roads Projects Limited	-	-	(3.46)	-	(2.46)
2	Rent expenses incurred on behalf of company		-	(5.46)	-	(3.46)
	(Previous Year)	(55.00)	-	_	_	(55.00)
	AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon					
	Infrastructure Projects Limited)		5 <u>2</u> 0	-	_	
		(55.00)	-	_		(55.00)
3	Expenses incurred on behalf of company		-	2.0		(55.65)
	(Previous Year)	-	-	(3.46)	-	(3.46)
	Sidhi Singrauli Roads Projects Limited	-	-	(0.10)	-	(3.1.0)
			-	(3.46)	-	(3.46)
4	Expense/Liability incurred on behalf of the Company by:	219.51	-	-	-	219.51
	(Previous Year)	(73.44)	-	-	_	(73.44)
	AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon	(1.2.2.7)				(23.74)
	Infrastructure Projects Limited)	219.51	_	121		219.51
		(73.44)	2	120		(73.44)
5	Payment for expense incurred on behalf of Company to :	0.20	-	100	-	0.20
-	(Previous Year)	(10.55)		X-0		(10.55)
- 1	AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon	(120,55)				(10.33)
	Infrastructure Projects Limited)	0.20				
	,	(10.55)	-	- 1	-	0.20
6	Outstanding balance payable to	1,357.76	-		-	(10.55)
	(Previous Year)	(1,138.45)	-	73.00	•	1,430.76
	AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon	(1,130.43)		(73.00)	-	(1,211.45)
	Infrastructure Projects Limited)					
	minastructure Projects Emitted/	1,357.76	=			1,357.76
		(1,138.45)	-			(1,138.45)
- 1	Patna Highway Project Ltd	-	-	73.00	-	73.00
		-	-	(73.00)	-	(73.00)
	Outstanding balance receivable from	-	123.54	60.57	-	184.11
-	(Previous Year)	-	(123.54)	(60.57)		(184.11)
	Sidhi Singrauli Roads Projects Limited	:=:	-	60.57	-	60.57
			-	(60.57)	-	(60.57)
ľ	Gammon India Limited	-1	123.54		-	123.54
_		-	(123.54)			(123.54)
	Outstanding Intercorporate Deposits payable to:	2,444.48	-	-	-	2,444.48
	Previous Year)	(2,444.48)		-	-	(2,444.48)
	NR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon nfrastructure Projects Limited)	2,444.48		-	-	2,444.48
		(2,444.48)	-	-	-	(2,444.48)
	Outstanding Loan Balance along with interest payable to:	1,916.35	-	-	-	1,916.35
-	Previous Year)	(1,916.35)	-	- 1		(1,916.35)
	UR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly known as Gammon nfrastructure Projects Limited)- Capital Contribution	1,916.35	a.50		•	1,916.35
		(1,916.35)	-	_	-	(1,916.35)

(Previous Years figures are in bracket)



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Annexure 2- Analytical Ratios 2021-2022

			2021-2022			
Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator/ Denominator	Ratio (2021-22)	Ratio (2020-21)	% of Variation	Reason for variance
1	Current ratio	<u>Current Asset</u> Current Liabilities	0.05	0.06	-7.26%	6
2	Debt-Equity ratio	<u>Total Debts</u> Shareholders Equity	(1.86)	(2.78)	-33.15%	Due to Negative Sharehold Equity the ratios are uncomparable.
3	Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt <u>service</u> Debt Service	2.46	95,746.65	-100.00%	Due to NIL figure in the denominator of the previous year, the ratios are not comparable.
4	Return on Equity ratio (ROE)	<u>Net Profits after taxes –</u> <u>Preference Dividend</u> Average Shareholder's Equity	42.19%	69.30%	-39.12%	Since shareholders equity is eroded and is negative, the arthmetic results of the formula calculated on the basis of Net Loss (Negative) figures are not comparable with previous year.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Sales Average Inventory	29.10	26.20	11.07%	20
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales Average Accounts Receivable	2.33	3.08	-24.37%	
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases Average Trade Payables	0.64	1.06		Decrease in operation and Maintenance expenses on credit basis has decreased but due to liquidity issues trade payables has not reduced comparatively leading to a negative variance in the ratio.
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales Average working capital	(0.09)	(0.20)		Negative Average working capital has resulted in the negative arithmetic result, the increase in which is due to the increase in the Net sales as compared to previous year.
9	Net profit ratio	Net Profit after Tax Net Sales	-184.89%	-118.04%		Negative net profit before taxes has resulted in the negative arithmetic result of this ratio. Since the % increase in the net loss figure is more than the % increase in the net sales, the resulting variance is positive
U	Return on Capital employed (ROCE)	Earning before interest and taxes Capital Employed	-6.05%	-6.91%	-12.37%	
	Return on Investment	NA	NA	NA	NA	





